

## CHIP COILS (CHIP INDUCTORS) LQW2UAS ---0C REFERENCE SPECIFICATION

#### 1. Scope

This reference specification applies to chip coils (chip inductors) LQW2UAS\_0C series for general electronic equipment.

### 2. Part Numbering

(Ex.)	_								
ĹQ	W	2U	Α	S	12N	G	0	С	L
Product ID	Structure	Dimension (L × W)	and	Category	Inductance	Tolerance	Performance	Electrode specification	, ,
			characteristic						*B: bulk

<sup>\*</sup>B: Bulk packing is also available (taping condition: however, products without reels are put in plastic bags).

### 3. Part Number and Rating

Operating temperature range	-40°C to +85°C
Storage temperature range	-40°C to +85°C

		Indu	ctance		DC	Calf mass mant	Datad
Customer Part number	Murata Part number	Nominal value (nH)	Tolerance	Q (Min.)	resistance (Ω max.)	Self-resonant frequency (MHz min.)	Rated current (mA)
	LQW2UAS12NG0CL	12	G: ±2%	50	0.09	3300	1000
	LQW2UAS12NJ0CL	12	J: ±5%	50	0.09	3300	1000
	LQW2UAS18NG0CL	18	G: ±2%	50	0.11	2500	1000
	LQW2UAS18NJ0CL	18	J: ±5%	50	0.11	2500	1000
	LQW2UAS22NF0CL	22	F: ±1%	55	0.12	2400	1000
	LQW2UAS22NG0CL	22	G: ±2%	55	0.12	2400	1000
	LQW2UAS22NJ0CL	22	J: ±5%	55	0.12	2400	1000
	LQW2UAS27NG0CL	27	G: ±2%	55	0.13	1600	1000
	LQW2UAS27NJ0CL	27	J: ±5%	55	0.13	1600	1000
	LQW2UAS33NF0CL	33	F: ±1%	60	0.14	1600	1000
	LQW2UAS33NG0CL	33	G: ±2%	60	0.14	1600	1000
	LQW2UAS33NJ0CL	33	J: ±5%	60	0.14	1600	1000
	LQW2UAS39NF0CL	39	F: ±1%	60	0.15	1500	1000
	LQW2UAS39NG0CL	39	G: ±2%	60	0.15	1500	1000
	LQW2UAS39NJ0CL	39	J: ±5%	60	0.15	1500	1000
	LQW2UAS47NF0CL	47	F: ±1%	65	0.16	1500	1000
	LQW2UAS47NG0CL	47	G: ±2%	65	0.16	1500	1000
	LQW2UAS47NJ0CL	47	J: ±5%	65	0.16	1500	1000
	LQW2UAS56NF0CL	56	F: ±1%	65	0.18	1300	1000
	LQW2UAS56NG0CL	56	G: ±2%	65	0.18	1300	1000
	LQW2UAS56NJ0CL	56	J: ±5%	65	0.18	1300	1000
	LQW2UAS68NF0CL	68	F: ±1%	65	0.20	1300	1000
	LQW2UAS68NG0CL	68	G: ±2%	65	0.20	1300	1000
	LQW2UAS68NJ0CL	68	J: ±5%	65	0.20	1300	1000
	LQW2UAS82NF0CL	82	F: ±1%	60	0.22	1000	1000
	LQW2UAS82NG0CL	82	G: ±2%	60	0.22	1000	1000
	LQW2UAS82NJ0CL	82	J: ±5%	60	0.22	1000	1000
	LQW2UASR10F0CL	100	F: ±1%	60	0.56	1000	650
	LQW2UASR10G0CL	100	G: ±2%	60	0.56	1000	650
	LQW2UASR10J0CL	100	J: ±5%	60	0.56	1000	650

		Inductance		DC		Solf reconst	Rated
Customer Part number	Murata Part number	Nominal value (nH)	Tolerance	Q (Min.)	resistance (Ω max.)	Self-resonant frequency (MHz min.)	currer (mA)
	LQW2UASR12F0CL	120	F: ±1%	60	0.63	950	650
	LQW2UASR12G0CL	120	G: ±2%	60	0.63	950	650
	LQW2UASR12J0CL	120	J: ±5%	60	0.63	950	650
	LQW2UASR15F0CL	150	F: ±1%	45	0.70	850	580
	LQW2UASR15G0CL	150	G: ±2%	45	0.70	850	580
	LQW2UASR15J0CL	150	J: ±5%	45	0.70	850	580
	LQW2UASR18F0CL	180	F: ±1%	45	0.77	750	620
	LQW2UASR18G0CL	180	G: ±2%	45	0.77	750	620
	LQW2UASR18J0CL	180	J: ±5%	45	0.77	750	620
	LQW2UASR22F0CL	220	F: ±1%	45	0.84	700	500
	LQW2UASR22G0CL	220	G: ±2%	45	0.84	700	500
	LQW2UASR22J0CL	220	J: ±5%	45	0.84	700	500
	LQW2UASR27F0CL	270	F: ±1%	45	0.91	600	500
	LQW2UASR27G0CL	270	G: ±2%	45	0.91	600	500
	LQW2UASR27J0CL	270	J: ±5%	45	0.91	600	500
	LQW2UASR33F0CL	330	F: ±1%	45	1.05	570	450
	LQW2UASR33G0CL	330	G: ±2%	45	1.05	570	450
	LQW2UASR33J0CL	330	J: ±5%	45	1.05	570	450
	LQW2UASR39F0CL	390	F: ±1%	45	1.12	500	470
	LQW2UASR39G0CL	390	G: ±2%	45	1.12	500	470
	LQW2UASR39J0CL	390	J: ±5%	45	1.12	500	470
	LQW2UASR47F0CL	470	F: ±1%	45	1.19	450	470
	LQW2UASR47G0CL	470	G: ±2%	45	1.19	450	470
	LQW2UASR47J0CL	470	J: ±5%	45	1.19	450	470
	LQW2UASR56F0CL	560	F: ±1%	45	1.33	415	400
	LQW2UASR56G0CL	560	G: ±2%	45	1.33	415	400
	LQW2UASR56J0CL	560	J: ±5%	45	1.33	415	400
	LQW2UASR62F0CL	620	F: ±1%	45	1.40	375	300
	LQW2UASR62G0CL	620	G: ±2%	45	1.40	375	300
	LQW2UASR62J0CL	620	J: ±5%	45	1.40	375	300
	LQW2UASR68F0CL	680	F: ±1%	45	1.47	375	400
	LQW2UASR68G0CL	680	G: ±2%	45	1.47	375	400
	LQW2UASR68J0CL	680	J: ±5%	45	1.47	375	400
	LQW2UASR75F0CL	750	F: ±1%	45	1.54	360	360
	LQW2UASR75G0CL	750	G: ±2%	45	1.54	360	360
	LQW2UASR75J0CL	750	J: ±5%	45	1.54	360	360
	LQW2UASR82F0CL	820	F: ±1%	45	1.61	350	400
	LQW2UASR82G0CL	820	G: ±2%	45	1.61	350	400
	LQW2UASR82J0CL	820	J: ±5%	45	1.61	350	400
	LQW2UASR91F0CL	910	F: ±1%	35	1.68	320	380
	LQW2UASR91G0CL	910	G: ±2%	35	1.68	320	380
	LQW2UASR91J0CL	910	J: ±5%	35	1.68	320	380
	LQW2UAS1R0F0CL	1000	F: ±1%	35	1.75	290	370
	LQW2UAS1R0G0CL	1000	G: ±2%	35	1.75	290	370
	LQW2UAS1R0J0CL	1000	J: ±5%	35	1.75	290	370
	LQW2UAS1R2F0CL	1200	F: ±1%	35	2.0	210	310

#### Spec No.: JELF243A 0173D-01

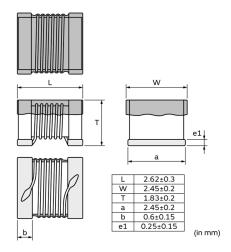
# Reference Only

		Inductance			DC	Calf mass mand	Rated
Customer Part number	Murata Part number	Nominal value (nH)	Tolerance	Q (Min.)	DC resistance (Ω max.)	Self-resonant frequency (MHz min.)	current (mA)
	LQW2UAS1R2G0CL	1200	G: ±2%	35	2.0	210	310
	LQW2UAS1R2J0CL	1200	J: ±5%	35	2.0	210	310
	LQW2UAS1R5G0CL	1500	G: ±2%	28	2.3	120	330
	LQW2UAS1R5J0CL	1500	J: ±5%	28	2.3	120	330
	LQW2UAS1R8G0CL	1800	G: ±2%	28	2.6	140	300
	LQW2UAS1R8J0CL	1800	J: ±5%	28	2.6	140	300
	LQW2UAS2R2G0CL	2200	G: ±2%	28	2.8	130	280
	LQW2UAS2R2J0CL	2200	J: ±5%	28	2.8	130	280
	LQW2UAS2R7G0CL	2700	G: ±2%	22	3.2	110	290
	LQW2UAS2R7J0CL	2700	J: ±5%	22	3.2	110	290
	LQW2UAS3R3G0CL	3300	G: ±2%	22	3.4	90	290
	LQW2UAS3R3J0CL	3300	J: ±5%	22	3.4	90	290
	LQW2UAS3R9G0CL	3900	G: ±2%	20	3.6	70	260
	LQW2UAS3R9J0CL	3900	J: ±5%	20	3.6	70	260
	LQW2UAS4R7G0CL	4700	G: ±2%	20	4.0	60	260
	LQW2UAS4R7J0CL	4700	J: ±5%	20	4.0	60	260
	LQW2UAS5R6J0CL	5600	J: ±5%	16	4.0	20	240
	LQW2UAS6R8J0CL	6800	J: ±5%	18	4.9	40	200
	LQW2UAS8R2J0CL	8200	J: ±5%	18	6.0	25	170

## 4. Testing Conditions

Unless otherwise specified	Temperature: ordinary temperature (15°C to 35°C) Humidity: ordinary humidity [25% to 85% (RH)]
In case of doubt	Temperature: 20°C±2°C Humidity: 60% to 70% (RH) Atmospheric pressure: 86 kPa to 106 kPa

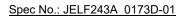
## 5. Appearance and Dimensions



Unit mass (typical value): 0.039 g

## 6. Marking

No marking.

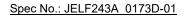


### 7. Electrical Performance

No.	Item	Specification		Test meth	od
7.1	Inductance	Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Measuring equipment equivalent Measuring frequency	-	t E4991A or the
			Inductance	50 MHz	12 nH to 82 nH
				25 MHz	100 nH to 1000 nH
				7.9 MHz	1200 nH to 6800 nH
				2.5 MHz	8200 nH
			Q	500 MHz	
				350 MHz	18 nH to 120 nH
				100 MHz	150 nH to 820 nH
				50 MHz	910 nH to 2200 nH
				25 MHz	2700 nH to 4700 nH
				7.9 MHz	5600 nH to 8200 nH
7.2	Q	Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Measuring method:	nal level: Aj ninal distar 0.0 mm N to 3 N eysight 16 I under tes below and g weight. ple:	197A t as shown in the connect it to the
7.	DO : /		"16. Appendix".		10. (
7.3	DC resistance	Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Measuring equipmen		
7.4	Self-resonant frequency	Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Measuring equipment equivalent	nt: Keysigh	t N5230A or the
7.5	Rated current	Product temperature rise: 40°C max.	Apply the rated curre	ent specifie	ed in chapter 3.

## 8. Mechanical Performance

No.	Item	Specification	Test method
8.1	Shear test	No significant mechanical damage or no sign of electrode peeling off shall be observed.	Test substrate: glass-epoxy substrate Force application direction:
			Applying force: 10 N Holding time: 5 s



No.	Item	Specification	Test method
8.2	Bending test	No significant mechanical damage or no sign of electrode peeling off shall be observed.	Test substrate: glass-epoxy substrate (100 mm × 40 mm × 1.0 mm) Pressurizing speed: 1.0 mm/s Pressure jig: R230 Deflection: 3 mm Holding time: 5 s
			Pressure jig
			Deflection  45 Product (in mm)
8.3	Vibration	Appearance shall have no significant mechanical damage.	Oscillation frequency: 10 Hz to 2000 Hz to 10 Hz, for approx. 20 min Total amplitude: total amplitude of 3.0 mm or acceleration amplitude of 196 m/s², whichever is smaller Test time: 3 directions vertically to each other, 2 h for each direction (6 h in total)
8.4	Solderability	95% or more of the outer electrode shall be covered with new solder seamlessly (except exposed wire).	Flux: immersed in ethanol solution with a rosin content of 25(wt)% for 5 s to 10 s Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder Pre-heating: 150°C/60 s Solder temperature: 245°C±3°C Immersion time: 3 s

#### 9. Environmental Performance

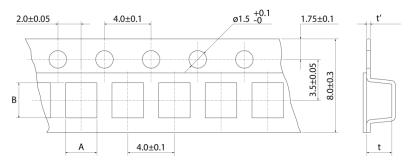
The product is soldered on a substrate for test.

No.	Item	Specification	Test method		
9.1	Heat life	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Inductance change rate: within ±10%	Temperature: 85°C±2°C Applied current: Rated current Test time: 1000 h (+48 h, -0 h) Post-treatment: left at a room condition for 4 h to 48 h		
9.2	Cold resistance	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Inductance change rate: within ±10%	Temperature: -40°C±2°C Test time: 1000 h (+48 h, -0 h) Post-treatment: left at a room condition for 4 h to 48 h		
9.3	Humidity	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Inductance change rate: within ±10%	Temperature: 40°C±2°C Humidity: 90% (RH) to 95% (RH) Test time: 1000 h (+48 h, -0 h) Post-treatment: left at a room condition for 4 h to 48 h		
9.4	Temperature cycle	Inductance change rate: within ±10%	Single cycle conditions: Step 1: -40°C (+0°C, -3°C)/30 min (+3 min, -0 min) Step 2: ordinary temperature/3 min max. Step 3: +85°C (+3°C, -0°C)/30 min (+3 min, -0 min) Step 4: ordinary temperature/3 min max. Number of testing: 100 cycles Post-treatment: left at a room condition for 4 h to 48 h		



#### 10. Specification of Packaging

#### 10.1 Appearance and dimensions of tape (8 mm width/plastic tape)



Α	(2.7)
В	(2.9)
t	(2.15)
ť'	0.25±0.05
	(in mm)

Direction of Feed

#### 10.2 Taping specifications

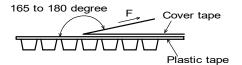
Packing quantity (Standard quantity)	2000 pcs/reel
Packing method	The products are placed in embossed cavities of a plastic tape and sealed by a cover tape.
Feed hole position	The feed holes on the plastic tape are on the right side when the cover tape is pulled toward the user.
Joint	The plastic tape and the cover tape are seamless.
Number of missing products	Number of missing products within 0.025% of the number per reel or 1 pc., whichever is greater, and are not continuous. The specified quantity per reel is kept.

#### 10.3 Break down force of tape

Break down force of cover tape	10 N min.
Broak down force of cover tape	

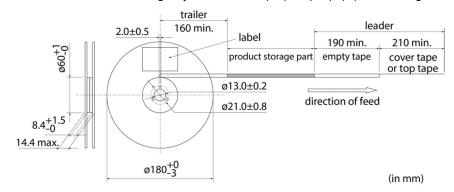
#### 10.4 Peeling off force of cover tape

Speed of peeling off	300 mm/min
Peeling off force	0.1 N to 0.6 N (The lower limit is for typical value.)



#### 10.5 Dimensions of leader section, trailer section and reel

A vacant section is provided in the leader (start) section and trailer (end) section of the tape for the product. The leader section is further provided with an area consisting only of the cover tape (or top tape). (See the diagram below.)



<sup>\*</sup> The dimensions of the cavity are measured at its bottom.



#### 10.6 Marking for reel

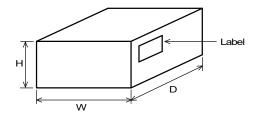
Customer part number, Murata part number, inspection number (\*1), RoHS marking (\*2), quantity, etc.

*1 Expression of inspection No.    Occupangle   Occupangl	(1) Factory code (2) Date First digit: year/last digit of year Second digit: month/Jan. to Sep.→1 to 9, Oct. to Dec.→O, N, D Third, Fourth digit: day (3) Serial No.
*2 Expression of RoHS marking ROHS- $\underline{\underline{Y}}$ $\underline{\underline{(\triangle)}}$ (1)	: (1) RoHS regulation conformity (2) Murata classification number

#### 10.7 Marking on outer box (corrugated box)

Customer name, purchasing order number, customer part number, Murata part number, RoHS marking (\*2), quantity, etc.

#### 10.8 Specification of outer box



Dimensions of outer box (mm)		Standard reel quantity	
W	D	Н	in outer box (reel)
186	186	93	5
* Above outer box size is typical. It depends on a quantity of an order.			

#### 11. ACaution

#### 11.1 Restricted applications

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

- (1) Aircraft equipment
- (2) Aerospace equipment
- (3) Undersea equipment
- (4) Power plant control equipment

- (5) Medical equipment
- (6) Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, etc.)
- (7) Traffic signal equipment
- (8) Disaster/crime prevention equipment

- (9) Data-processing equipment
- (10) Applications of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above

#### 11.2 Precautions on rating

Avoid using in exceeded the rated temperature range, rated voltage, or rated current. Usage when the ratings are exceeded could lead to wire breakage, burning, or other serious fault.

#### 11.3 Inrush current

If an inrush current (or pulse current or rush current) that significantly exceeds the rated current is applied to the product, overheating could occur, resulting in wire breakage, burning, or other serious fault.

#### 11.4 Corrosive gas

Please refrain from use since contact with environments with corrosive gases (sulfur gas [hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, etc.], chlorine, ammonia, etc.) or oils (cutting oil, silicone oil, etc.) that have come into contact with the previously stated corrosive gas environment will result in deterioration of product quality or an open from deterioration due to corrosion of product electrode, etc. We will not bear any responsibility for use under these environments.



#### 12. Precautions for Use

This product is for use only with reflow soldering. It is designed to be mounted by soldering. If you want to use other mounting method, for example, using a conductive adhesive, please consult us beforehand.

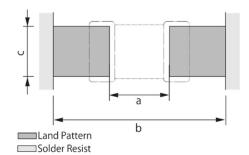
Also, if repeatedly subjected to temperature cycles or other thermal stress, due to the difference in the coefficient of thermal expansion with the mounting substrate, the solder (solder fillet part) in the mounting part may crack.

The occurrence of cracks due to thermal stress is affected by the size of the land where mounted, the solder volume, and the heat dissipation of the mounting substrate. Carefully design it when a large change in ambient temperature is assumed.

#### 12.1 Land dimensions

The following diagram shows the recommended land dimensions for reflow soldering.

The land dimensions are designed in consideration of electrical characteristics and mountability. Use of other land dimensions may preclude achievement of performance. In some cases, it may result in poor solderability, including positional shift. If you use other land pattern, consider it adequately.



а	1.27	
b	3.31	
С	2.54	
	(in mr	'n

#### 12.2 Flux and solder used

Flux	<ul> <li>Use a rosin-based flux that includes an activator with a chlorine conversion value of 0.06(wt)% to 0.1(wt)%.</li> <li>Do not use a highly acidic flux with a halide content exceeding 0.2(wt)% (chlorine conversion value).</li> <li>Do not use a water-soluble flux.</li> </ul>
Solder	<ul> <li>Use Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder.</li> <li>Standard thickness of solder paste: 100 μm to 150 μm</li> </ul>

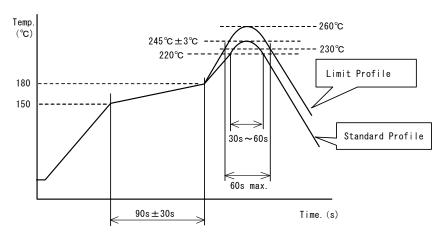
If you want to use a flux other than the above, please consult our technical department.

#### 12.3 Soldering conditions (reflow)

• Pre-heating should be in such a way that the temperature difference between solder and product surface is limited to 150°C max.

Cooling into solvent after soldering also should be in such a way that the temperature difference is limited to 100°C max. Insufficient pre-heating may cause cracks on the product, resulting in the deterioration of product quality.

Standard soldering profile and the limit soldering profile is as follows.
 The excessive limit soldering conditions may cause leaching of the electrode and/or resulting in the deterioration of product quality.



	Standard profile	Limit profile
Pre-heating	150°C to 180°C/90 s±30 s	150°C to 180°C/90 s±30 s
Heating	Above 220°C/30 s to 60 s	Above 230°C/60 s max.
Peak temperature	245°C±3°C	260°C/10 s
Number of reflow cycles	2 times	2 times



#### 12.4 Reworking with soldering iron

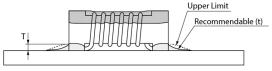
The following requirements must be met to rework a soldered product using a soldering iron.

Item	Requirement
Pre-heating	150°C/approx. 1 min
Tip temperature of soldering iron	350°C max.
Power consumption of soldering iron	80 W max.
Tip diameter of soldering iron	ø3 mm max.
Soldering time	3 s (+1 s, -0 s)
Number of reworking operations	2 times max.

<sup>\*</sup> Avoid a direct contact of the tip of the soldering iron with the product. Such a direction contact may cause cracks in the ceramic body due to thermal shock.

#### 12.5 Solder volume

Solder shall be used not to increase the volume too much.



1/2T≦t≦T (T: Thickness of Electrode)

An increased solder volume increases mechanical stress on the product. Exceeding solder volume may cause the failure of mechanical or electrical performance.

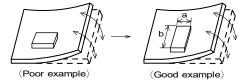
#### 12.6 Product's location

The following shall be considered when designing and laying out PCBs.

(1) PCB shall be designed so that products are not subject to mechanical stress due to warping the board.

[Products direction]

Products shall be located in the sideways direction (length: a < b) to the mechanical stress.



#### (2) Components location on PCB separation

It is effective to implement the following measures, to reduce stress in separating the board.

It is best to implement all of the following three measures; however, implement as many measures as possible to reduce stress.

Contents of measures	Stress level
(1) Turn the mounting direction of the component parallel to the board separation surface.	A > D*1
(2) Add slits in the board separation part.	A > B
(3) Keep the mounting position of the component away from the board separation surface.	A > C

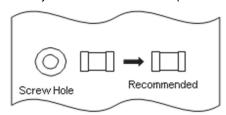
<sup>\*1</sup> A > D is valid when stress is added vertically to the perforation as with hand separation. If a cutting disc is used, stress will be diagonal to the PCB, therefore A > D is invalid.



(3) Mounting components near screw holes

When a component is mounted near a screw hole, it may be affected by the board deflection that occurs during the tightening of the screw.

Mount the component in a position as far away from the screw holes as possible.



#### 12.7 Handling of substrate

After mounting products on a substrate, do not apply any stress to the product caused by bending or twisting to the substrate when cropping the substrate, inserting and removing a connector from the substrate or tightening screw to the substrate. Excessive mechanical stress may cause cracking in the product.



#### 12.8 Cleaning

The product shall be cleaned under the following conditions.

- (1) The cleaning temperature shall be 60°C max. If isopropyl alcohol (IPA) is used, the cleaning temperature shall be 40°C max.
- (2) Perform ultrasonic cleaning under the following conditions. Exercise caution to prevent resonance phenomenon in mounted products and the PCB.

Item	Requirement
Power	20 W/L max.
Time	5 min max.
Frequency	28 kHz to 40 kHz

(3) Cleaner

Alcohol-based cleaner: IPA

Aqueous agent: PINE ALPHA ST-100S

- (4) There shall be no residual flux or residual cleaner. When using aqueous agent, rinse the product with deionized water adequately and completely dry it so that no cleaner is left.
- \* For other cleaning, consult our technical department.

### 12.9 Storage and transportation

Storage period	Use the product within 12 months after delivery.  If you do not use the product for more than 12 months, check solderability before using it.
Storage conditions	<ul> <li>The products shall be stored in a room not subject to rapid changes in temperature and humidity. The recommended temperature range is -10°C to +40°C. The recommended relative humidity range is 15% to 85%.</li> <li>Keeping the product in corrosive gases, such as sulfur, chlorine gas or acid, oxidizes the electrode, resulting in poor solderability or corrosion of the coil wire of the product.</li> <li>Do not keep products in bulk packaging. Doing so may cause collision between the products or between the products and other products, resulting in core chipping or wire breakage.</li> <li>Do not place the products directly on the floor; they should be placed on a palette so that they are not affected by humidity or dust.</li> <li>Avoid keeping the products in a place exposed to direct sunlight, heat or vibration.</li> </ul>
Transportation	Excessive vibration and impact reduces the reliability of the products. Exercise caution when handling the products.



#### 12.10 Resin coating

The inductance value may change due to high cure-stress of resin to be used for coating/molding products.

A wire breakage issue may occur by mechanical stress caused by the resin, amount/cured shape of resin, or operating condition etc. Some resin contains some impurities or chloride possible to generate chlorine by hydrolysis under some operating condition may cause corrosion of wire of coil, leading to wire breakage.

So, please pay your careful attention when you select resin in case of coating/molding the products with the resin. Prior to use the coating resin, please make sure no reliability issue is observed by evaluating products mounted on your board.

#### 12.11 Handling of product

- Sharp material such as a pair of tweezers or other material such as bristles of cleaning brush, shall not be touched to the winding portion to prevent the breaking of wire.
- Mechanical shock should not be applied to the products mounted on the board to prevent the breaking of the core.

#### 12.12 Handling with mounting equipment

With some types of mounting equipment, a support pin pushes up the product from the bottom of the base (paper) tape when the product is sucked with the pick-up nozzle.

When using this type of equipment, detach the support pin to prevent the breaking of wire on the product.

#### 13. ANote

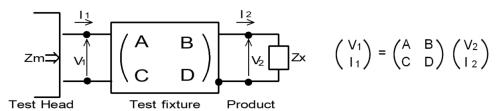
- (1) Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- (2) You are requested not to use our product deviating from the reference specifications.
- (3) The contents of this reference specification are subject to change without advance notice. Please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.

#### 14. Appendix

Electrical performance: Measuring method for inductance/Q (Q measurement is applicable only when the Q value is included in the rating table.)

Perform measurement using the method described below. (Perform correction to ensure that the inductance value is compatible with inductors of other manufacturers.)

(1) Residual elements and stray elements of the measuring terminal can be expressed by the F parameter for the 2-pole terminal as shown in the figure below.



(2) The product's impedance value (Zx) and measured impedance value (Zm) can be expressed as shown below, by using the respective current and voltage for input/output.

$$Zm = \frac{V_1}{I_1} \qquad Zx = \frac{V_2}{I_2}$$

(3) Thus, the relationship between the product's impedance value (Zx) and measured impedance value (Zm) is as follows.

	Here,
	$\alpha = D/A = 1$
	$\beta$ = B/D = Zsm - (1 - Yom Zsm) Zss
$Zx=\alpha \frac{Zm-\beta}{1-\beta}$	$\Gamma$ = C/A = Yom
<sup>ZX=u</sup> 1-ZmΓ	
	Zsm: measured impedance when measuring terminal is shorted
	Zss: residual impedance of short chip (= Equivalent series inductance X <sup>*1</sup> )
	Yom: measured admittance when measuring terminal is open

<sup>\*1</sup> Important

X: In consideration of compatibility with other venders' products, Zss is defined as the correction value to fit nominal inductance of other venders' products.

When calibrating the measurement, please input X value instead of the equivalent series inductance (ShortL) for each L value.

Perform measurement of Q using the residual impedance 0.771 nH obtained through our conventional standard measurement method.

(4) Calculate inductance Lx and Qx using the equations shown below.

$Lx = \frac{Im (Zx)}{2\pi f}$	Lx: inductance of chip coil Qx: Q of chip coil
$Qx = \frac{Im (Zx)}{Re (Zx)}$	f: measuring frequency

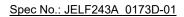


Table: Equivalent series inductance to fit nominal inductance of other venders' products

Part number	Inductance	
	X (nH) Equivalent series Inductance	Measuring frequency (MHz)
LQW2UAS12N_0C	0.511	50
LQW2UAS18N_0C	0.321	50
LQW2UAS22N_0C	0.941	50
LQW2UAS27N_0C	0.651	50
LQW2UAS33N_0C	1.711	50
LQW2UAS39N_0C	0.741	50
LQW2UAS47N_0C	2.071	50
LQW2UAS56N_0C	2.351	50
LQW2UAS68N_0C	2.281	50
LQW2UAS82N_0C	2.921	50
LQW2UASR10_0C	3.351	25
LQW2UASR12_0C	3.871	25
LQW2UASR15_0C	4.371	25
LQW2UASR18_0C	5.271	25
LQW2UASR22_0C	3.271	25
LQW2UASR27_0C	8.871	25
LQW2UASR33_0C	12.771	25
LQW2UASR39_0C	22.271	25
LQW2UASR47_0C	20.971	25
LQW2UASR56_0C	24.971	25
LQW2UASR62_0C	28.371	25
LQW2UASR68_0C	44.271	25
LQW2UASR75_0C	35.371	25
LQW2UASR82_0C	47.171	25
LQW2UASR91_0C	56.371	25
LQW2UAS1R0_0C	79.171	25
LQW2UAS1R2_0C	15.771	7.9
LQW2UAS1R5_0C	5.771	7.9
LQW2UAS1R8_0C	6.771	7.9
LQW2UAS2R2_0C	25.771	7.9
LQW2UAS2R7_0C	63.771	7.9
LQW2UAS3R3_0C	91.771	7.9
LQW2UAS3R9_0C	67.771	7.9
LQW2UAS4R7_0C	163.771	7.9
LQW2UAS5R6_0C	0.771	7.9
LQW2UAS6R8_0C	0.771	7.9
LQW2UAS8R2_0C	0.771	2.5