

Reference Specification

Leaded MLCC for Consumer Electronics & Industrial Equipment RDE Series

Product specifications in this catalog are as of Apr. 2024, and are subject to change or obsolescence without notice.

Please consult the approval sheet before ordering. Please read rating and Cautions first.

⚠ CAUTION

1. OPERATING VOLTAGE

Do not apply a voltage to the capacitor that exceeds the rated voltage as called out in the specifications.

- 1-1. Applied voltage between the terminals of a capacitor shall be less than or equal to the rated voltage.
- (1) When AC voltage is superimposed on DC voltage, the zero-to-peak voltage shall not exceed the rated DC voltage. When AC voltage or pulse voltage is applied, the peak-to-peak voltage shall not exceed the rated DC voltage.
- (2) Abnormal voltages (surge voltage, static electricity, pulse voltage, etc.) shall not exceed the rated DC voltage.

Typical Voltage Applied to the DC Capacitor

DC Voltage	DC Voltage DC+AC Voltage		Pulse Voltage		
E	E	E	E		

(E: Maximum possible applied voltage.)

1-2. Influence of over voltage

Over voltage that is applied to the capacitor may result in an electrical short circuit caused by the breakdown of the internal dielectric layers. The time duration until breakdown depends on the applied voltage and the ambient temperature.

Use a safety standard certified capacitor in a power supply input circuit (AC filter), as it is also necessary to consider the withstand voltage and impulse withstand voltage defined for each device.

2. OPERATING TEMPERATURE AND SELF-GENERATED HEAT

Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself.

When the capacitor is used in a high-frequency current, pulse current or the like, it may have the self-generated heat due to dielectric-loss. In case of Class 2 capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied to the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied to the load such as self-generated h

Since the self-heating is low in the Class 1 capacitors (Temp.Char.: C0G,U2J,X8G, etc.), the allowable power becomes extremely high compared to the Class 2 capacitors.

However, when a load with self-heating of 20°C is applied at the rated voltage, the allowable power may be exceeded. Please confirm that there is no rising trend of the capacitor's surface temperature and that the surface temperature of the capacitor does not exceed the maximum operating temperature.

Excessive generation of heat may cause deterioration of the characteristics and reliability of the capacitor.

When measuring the self-heating temperature, be aware that accurate measurement may not be possible due to the following effects.

- The heat generated by other parts
- Air flow such as convection and cooling fans
- Temperature sensor used for measuring surface temperature of capacitor
 In the case using a thermocouple, it is recommended that use a K thermocouple of Φ0.1mm with less heat capacity.

3. FAIL-SAFE

Capacitors that are cracked by dropping or bending of the board may cause deterioration of the insulation resistance, and result in a short.

If the circuit being used may cause an electrical shock, smoke or fire when a capacitor is shorted, be sure to install fail-safe functions, such as a fuse, to prevent secondary accidents.

4. OPERATING AND STORAGE ENVIRONMENT

The insulating coating of capacitors does not form a perfect seal; therefore, do not use or store capacitors in a corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. And avoid exposure to moisture. Before cleaning, bonding, or molding this product, verify that these processes do not affect product quality by testing the performance of a cleaned, bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity do not exceed 5 to 40 °C and 20 to 70%. Use capacitors within 6 months.

Use capacitors within 6 months after delivered. Check the solderability after 6 months or more. Due to moisture condensation caused by rapid humidity changes, or the photochemical change caused by direct sunlight on the terminal electrodes, the solderability and electrical performance may deteriorate. Do not store capacitors under direct sunlight or in high humidity conditions.

5. VIBRATION AND IMPACT

Do not expose a capacitor or its leads to excessive shock or vibration during use.

- 5-1. Mechanical shock due to being dropped may cause damage or a crack in the dielectric material of the capacitor.
 - Do not use a dropped capacitor because the quality and reliability may be deteriorated.
- 5-2. Excessive shock or vibration may cause to fatigue destruction of lead wires mounted on the circuit board. If necessary, take measures to hold a capacitor on the circuit boards by adhesive, molding resin or coating and other.
 - Please confirm there is no influence of holding measures on the product with an intended equipment.

6. SOLDERING

When soldering this product to a PCB/PWB, do not exceed the solder heat resistance specification of the capacitor. Subjecting this product to excessive heating could melt the internal junction solder and may result in thermal shocks that can crack the ceramic element.

Please verify that the soldering process does not affect the quality of capacitors.

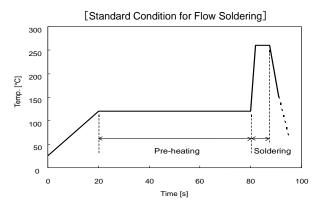
6-1. Flow Soldering

Soldering temperature : 260 °C max.

Soldering time : 7.5 s max.

Preheating temperature : 120 °C max.

Preheating time : 60 s max.



6-2. Reflow Soldering

Do not apply reflow soldering.

6-3. Soldering Iron

Temperature of iron-tip : 350 °C max.
Soldering iron wattage : 60 W max.
Soldering time : 3.5 s max.

7. BONDING AND RESIN MOLDING, RESIN COAT

In case of bonding, molding or coating this product, verify that these processes do not affect the quality of capacitor by testing the performance of a bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. In case of the amount of applications, dryness / hardening conditions of adhesives and molding resins containing organic solvents (ethyl acetate, methyl ethyl ketone, toluene, etc.) are unsuitable, the outer coating resin of a capacitor is damaged by the organic solvents and it may result, worst case, in a short circuit.

The variation in thickness of adhesive or molding resin may cause a outer coating resin cracking and/or ceramic element cracking of a capacitor in a temperature cycling.

8. TREATMENT AFTER BONDING AND RESIN MOLDING, RESIN COAT

When the outer coating is hot (over 100 °C) after soldering, it becomes soft and fragile.

So please be careful not to give it mechanical stress.

Failure to follow the above cautions may result, worst case, in a short circuit and cause fuming or partial dispersion when the product is used.

9. LIMITATION OF APPLICATIONS

The products listed in the specification(hereinafter the product(s) is called as the "Product(s)") are designed and manufactured for applications specified in the specification. (hereinafter called as the "Specific Application")

We shall not warrant anything in connection with the Products including fitness, performance, adequateness, safety, or quality, in the case of applications listed in from (1) to (11) written at the end of this precautions, which may generally require high performance, function, quality, management of production or safety.

Therefore, the Product shall be applied in compliance with the specific application.

WE DISCLAIM ANY LOSS AND DAMAGES ARISING FROM OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE PRODUCTS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE CASE SUCH LOSS AND DAMAGES CAUSED BY THE UNEXPECTED ACCIDENT, IN EVENT THAT (i) THE PRODUCT IS APPLIED FOR THE PURPOSE WHICH IS NOT SPECIFIED AS THE SPECIFIC APPLICATION FOR THE PRODUCT, AND/OR (ii) THE PRODUCT IS APPLIED FOR ANY FOLLOWING APPLICATION PURPOSES FROM (1) TO (11) (EXCEPT THAT SUCH APPLICATION PURPOSE IS UNAMBIGUOUSLY SPECIFIED AS SPECIFIC APPLICATION FOR THE PRODUCT IN OUR CATALOG SPECIFICATION FORMS, DATASHEETS, OR OTHER DOCUMENTS OFFICIALLY ISSUED BY US*)

- 1. Aircraft equipment
- 2. Aerospace equipment
- 3. Undersea equipment
- 4. Power plant control equipment
- 5. Medical equipment
- 6. Transportation equipment
- 7. Traffic control equipment
- 8. Disaster prevention/security equipment
- 9. Industrial data-processing equipment
- 10. Combustion/explosion control equipment
- 11. Equipment with complexity and/or required reliability equivalent to the applications listed in the above.

For exploring information of the Products which will be compatible with the particular purpose other than those specified in the specification, please contact our sales offices, distribution agents, or trading companies with which you make a deal, or via our web contact form.

Contact form: https://www.murata.com/contactform

*We may design and manufacture particular Products for applications listed in (1) to (11). Provided that, in such case we shall unambiguously specify such Specific Application in the specification without any exception

Therefore, any other documents and/or performances, whether exist or non-exist, shall not be deemed as the evidence to imply that we accept the applications listed in (1) to (11).

NOTICE

1. CLEANING

- 1-1. Please evaluate the capacitor using actual cleaning equipment and conditions to confirm the quality, and select the solvent for cleaning.
- 1-2. Unsuitable cleaning may leave residual flux or other foreign substances, causing deterioration of electrical characteristics and the reliability of the capacitors.
- 1-3. To perform ultrasonic cleaning, observe the following conditions.

Rinse bath capacity: Output of 20 watts per liter or less.

Rinsing time: 5 min maximum.

Do not vibrate the PCB/PWB directly.

Excessive ultrasonic cleaning may lead to fatigue destruction of the lead wires.

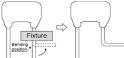
2. SOLDERING AND MOUNTING

2-1. Insert the lead wire into the PCB with a distance appropriate to the lead space.

If the lead wires are inserted into different spacing holes, cracks may occur in the outer resin or the internal element.

2-2. When bending the lead wire, excessive force applied to the capacitor body may cause cracks in the outer resin or the internal element. Hold the lead wire closer to the capacitor body than the lead wire bending position with the fixture, then bend it.

(See the right figure)



- 2-3. When cutting and clinching the lead wire, do not apply excessive force to the capacitor body.
- 2-4. When soldering, insert the lead wire into the PCB without mechanically stressing the lead wire.

3. CAPACITANCE CHANGE OF CAPACITORS

Class 2 capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L etc.)

Class 2 capacitors an aging characteristic, whereby the capacitor continually decreases its capacitance slightly if the capacitor leaves for a long time. Moreover, capacitance might change greatly depending on a surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. So, it is not likely to be able to use for the time constant circuit.

Please contact us if you need a detail information.

4. CHARACTERISTICS EVALUATION IN THE ACTUAL SYSTEM

- 4-1. Evaluate the capacitor in the actual system, to confirm that there is no problem with the performance and specification values in a finished product before using.
- 4-2. Since a voltage dependency and temperature dependency exists in the capacitance of Class 2 ceramic capacitors, the capacitance may change depending on the operating conditions in the actual system. Therefore, be sure to evaluate the various characteristics, such as the leakage current and noise absorptivity, which will affect the capacitance value of the capacitor.
- 4-3. In addition, voltages exceeding the predetermined surge may be applied to the capacitor by the inductance in the actual system.

Evaluate the surge resistance in the actual system as required.

4-4. When using Class 2 ceramic capacitors in AC or pulse circuits, the capacitor itself vibrates at specific frequencies and noise may be generated. Moreover, when the mechanical vibration or shock is added to capacitor, noise may occur.

\triangle NOTE

- 1. Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- 2. You are requested not to use our product deviating from this product specification.

1. Application

This product specification is applied to Leaded MLCC RDE series.

- 1. Specific applications:
- •Consumer Equipment: Products that can be used in consumer equipment such as home appliances, audio/visual equipment, communication equipment, information equipment, office equipment, and household robotics, and whose functions are not directly related to the protection of human life and property.
- •Industrial Equipment: Products that can be used in industrial equipment such as base stations, manufacturing equipment, industrial robotics equipment, and measurement equipment, and whose functions do not directly relate to the protection of human life and property.
- · Medial Equipment [GHTF A/B/C] except for Implant Equipment: Products suitable for use in medical devices designated under the GHTF international classifications as Class A or Class B (the functions of which are not directly involved in protection of human life or property) or in medical devices other than implants designated under the GHTF international classifications as Class C (the malfunctioning of which is considered to pose a comparatively high risk to the human body).
- · Automotive infotainment/comfort equipment: Products that can be used for automotive equipment such as car navigation systems and car audio systems that do not directly relate to human life and whose structure, equipment, and performance are not specifically required by law to meet technical standards for safety assurance or environmental protection.
- 2.Unsuitable Application: Applications listed in "Limitation of applications" in this product specification.

2. Rating

• Part Number Configuration

ex.) **RDE** 2E 225 U B1 H03 Series Temperature Rated Capacitance Capacitance Dimension Individual Package Lead Tolerance Specification Characteristics Voltage (LxW) Style

• Temperature Characteristics

Code	Temp. Char.	Temp. Range	Cap. Change	Standard Temp.	Operating Temp. Range
D7	X7T (EIA code)	-55∼125°C	+22/-33%	25°C	-55∼125°C

Rated Voltage

Code	Rated voltage
2E	DC250V
2W	DC450V
2J	DC630V

Capacitance

The first two digits denote significant figures; the last digit denotes the multiplier of 10 in pF. ex.) In case of 225.

 $22 \times 10^5 = 2200000 \text{ pF}$

Capacitance Tolerance

Code	Capacitance Tolerance
K	+/-10%
M	+/-20%

• Dimension (LxW)

Please refer to [Part number list].

• Lead Style

*Lead wire is "solder coated CP wire".

Code	Lead Style	Lead spacing (mm)
B1	Straight type	5.0+/-0.8
E1	Straight taping type	5.0+0.6/-0.2
K1	Inside crimp type	5.0+/-0.8
M1	Inside crimp taping type	5.0+0.6/-0.2

• Individual Specification

Murata's control code.

Please refer to [Part number list].

Package

· <u></u>	
Code	Package
Α	Taping type of Ammo
В	Bulk type

3. Marking

Temp. char. : Letter code : 7 (X7T char.)

Capacitance : 3 digit numbers

Capacitance tolerance : Code

Rated voltage : Letter code : 4 (DC250V)

Letter code: 9 (DC450V) Letter code: 7 (DC630V)

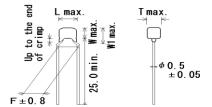
Company name code : Abbreviation : (M

(Ex)

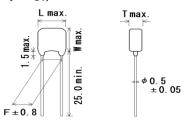
(EX.)			
Rated voltage Dimension code	DC250V	DC450V	DC630V
2	€ 683 K47	(M 153 K97	€ 153 K77
3,4	€ 334 K47	(4104 K97	@ 223 K77
5,U	6 225 M47	(% 125 K97	6 564 M77

4. Part number list

 Inside Crimp (Lead Style:K*)



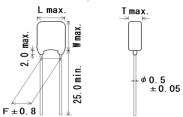
•Straight Long (Lead Style: B1)



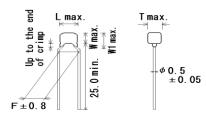
Unit : mm

Customer Part Number	Murata Part Number	T.C.	DC Rated	Con	Cap. Tol.	Dimension (mm)					Dimension	
			Volt. (V)	Сар.		L	W	W1	F	Т	(LxW) Lead Style	qty. (pcs)
	RDED72E333K2K1H03B	X7T	250	33000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDED72E473K2K1H03B	X7T	250	47000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDED72E683K2K1H03B	X7T	250	68000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDED72E104K3K1H03B	X7T	250	0.1µF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	3K1	500
	RDED72E154K3K1H03B	X7T	250	0.15µF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	3K1	500
	RDED72E224K4K1H03B	X7T	250	0.22µF	±10%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	4K1	500
	RDED72E334K4K1H03B	X7T	250	0.33µF	±10%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	4K1	500
	RDED72E474K5B1H03B	X7T	250	0.47µF	±10%	7.5	7.5	-	5.0	4.5	5B1	500
	RDED72E684K5B1H03B	X7T	250	0.68µF	±10%	7.5	7.5	-	5.0	4.5	5B1	500
	RDED72E105K5B1H03B	X7T	250	1.0µF	±10%	7.5	7.5	-	5.0	4.5	5B1	500

 Straight Long (Dimension(LxW) Lead Style:UB1)



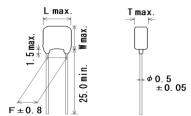
·Inside Crimp (Lead Style:K*)



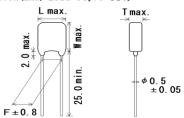
Unit: mm

Customer Part Number	Murata Part Number	T.C.	DC Rated Volt. (V)	Сар.	Cap. Tol.		Dime		Dimension	Pack		
						L	W	W1	F	Т	(LxW) Lead Style	qty. (pcs)
	RDED72E225MUB1H03B	X7T	250	2.2µF	±20%	7.7	12.5	-	5.0	4.5	UB1	200
	RDED72W103K2K1H03B	X7T	450	10000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDED72W153K2K1H03B	X7T	450	15000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDED72W223K2K1H03B	X7T	450	22000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDED72W333K2K1H03B	X7T	450	33000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDED72W473K2K1H03B	X7T	450	47000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDED72W683K3K1H03B	X7T	450	68000pF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	3K1	500
	RDED72W104K3K1H03B	X7T	450	0.1µF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	3K1	500
	RDED72W154K4K1H03B	X7T	450	0.15µF	±10%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	4K1	500

• Straight Long (Lead Style: B1)



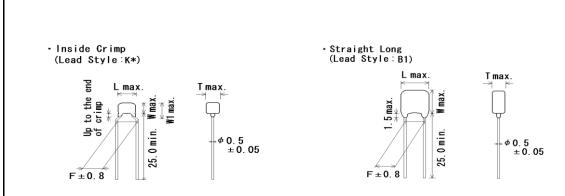
 Straight Long (Dimension(LxW) Lead Style:UB1)



Unit : mm

Customer	ber Murata Part Number T.C. Volt. (V) Cap. Tol. L W W)		Con	Сар.		Dime		Dimension (LxW)			
Part Number		W1	F	Т	Lead Style	qty. (pcs)						
	RDED72W224K5B1H03B	X7T	450	0.22µF	±10%	7.5	7.5	-	5.0	4.5	5B1	500
	RDED72W334K5B1H03B	X7T	450	0.33µF	±10%	7.5	7.5	-	5.0	4.5	5B1	500
	RDED72W474K5B1H03B	X7T	450	0.47µF	±10%	7.5	7.5	-	5.0	4.5	5B1	500
	RDED72W564K5B1H03B	X7T	450	0.56µF	±10%	7.5	7.5	-	5.0	4.5	5B1	500
	RDED72W105MUB1H03B	X7T	450	1.0µF	±20%	7.7	12.5	-	5.0	4.5	UB1	200
	RDED72W125MUB1H03B	X7T	450	1.2µF	±20%	7.7	12.5	-	5.0	4.5	UB1	200
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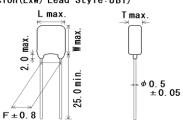
PNLIST



Unit: mm

Customer Part Number	Murata Part Number	T.C.	DC Rated	0	Cap. Tol.		Dime		Dimension	Pack		
			Volt. (V)	Cap.		L	W	W1	F	Т	(LxW) Lead Style	qty. (pcs)
	RDED72J103K2K1H03B	X7T	630	10000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDED72J153K2K1H03B	X7T	630	15000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RDED72J223K3K1H03B	X7T	630	22000pF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	3K1	500
	RDED72J333K3K1H03B	X7T	630	33000pF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	3K1	500
	RDED72J473K3K1H03B	X7T	630	47000pF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	3K1	500
	RDED72J683K4K1H03B	X7T	630	68000pF	±10%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	4K1	500
	RDED72J104K5B1H03B	X7T	630	0.1µF	±10%	7.5	8.0	-	5.0	4.5	5B1	500
	RDED72J154K5B1H03B	X7T	630	0.15µF	±10%	7.5	8.0	-	5.0	4.5	5B1	500
	RDED72J224K5B1H03B	X7T	630	0.22µF	±10%	7.5	8.0	-	5.0	4.5	5B1	500
	RDED72J274K5B1H03B	X7T	630	0.27µF	±10%	7.5	8.0	-	5.0	4.5	5B1	500

 Straight Long (Dimension(LxW) Lead Style:UB1)

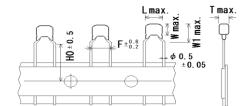


Unit : mm

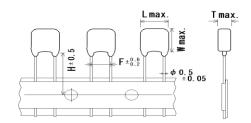
Customer Part Number	Murata Part Number	T.C.	DC Rated Volt. (V)	Сар.	Cap. Tol.		Dime	Dimension (LxW)				
						L	W	W1	F	Т	Lead Style	qty. (pcs)
	RDED72J474MUB1H03B	X7T	630	0.47µF	±20%	7.7	13.0	-	5.0	4.5	UB1	200
	RDED72J564MUB1H03B	X7T	630	0.56µF	±20%	7.7	13.0	-	5.0	4.5	UB1	200

PNLIST

Inside Crimp Taping (Lead Style: M*)



•Straight Taping (Lead Style:E*)



Unit : mm

						_			OHIL HIH				
Customer	Murata Part Number	T.C.	DC Rated Volt. (V)	Cap.	Cap. Tol.	Dimension (mm)					Dimension (LxW)	Pack qty.	
Part Number						L	W	W1	F	Т	H/H0	Lead Style	(pcs)
	RDED72E333K2M1H03A	X7T	250	33000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDED72E473K2M1H03A	X7T	250	47000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDED72E683K2M1H03A	X7T	250	68000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDED72E104K3M1H03A	X7T	250	0.1µF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	16.0	3M1	2000
	RDED72E154K3M1H03A	X7T	250	0.15µF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	16.0	3M1	2000
	RDED72E224K4M1H03A	X7T	250	0.22µF	±10%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	16.0	4M1	1500
	RDED72E334K4M1H03A	X7T	250	0.33µF	±10%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	16.0	4M1	1500
	RDED72E474K5E1H03A	X7T	250	0.47µF	±10%	7.5	7.5	-	5.0	4.5	17.5	5E1	1500
	RDED72E684K5E1H03A	X7T	250	0.68µF	±10%	7.5	7.5	-	5.0	4.5	17.5	5E1	1500
	RDED72E105K5E1H03A	X7T	250	1.0µF	±10%	7.5	7.5	-	5.0	4.5	17.5	5E1	1500
	RDED72E225MUE1H03A	X7T	250	2.2µF	±20%	7.7	12.5	-	5.0	4.5	17.5	UE1	1000
	RDED72W103K2M1H03A	X7T	450	10000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDED72W153K2M1H03A	X7T	450	15000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDED72W223K2M1H03A	X7T	450	22000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDED72W333K2M1H03A	X7T	450	33000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDED72W473K2M1H03A	X7T	450	47000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDED72W683K3M1H03A	X7T	450	68000pF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	16.0	3M1	2000
	RDED72W104K3M1H03A	X7T	450	0.1µF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	16.0	3M1	2000
	RDED72W154K4M1H03A	X7T	450	0.15µF	±10%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	16.0	4M1	1500
	RDED72W224K5E1H03A	X7T	450	0.22µF	±10%	7.5	7.5	-	5.0	4.5	17.5	5E1	1500
	RDED72W334K5E1H03A	X7T	450	0.33µF	±10%	7.5	7.5	-	5.0	4.5	17.5	5E1	1500
	RDED72W474K5E1H03A	X7T	450	0.47µF	±10%	7.5	7.5	-	5.0	4.5	17.5	5E1	1500
	RDED72W564K5E1H03A	X7T	450	0.56µF	±10%	7.5	7.5	-	5.0	4.5	17.5	5E1	1500
	RDED72W105MUE1H03A	X7T	450	1.0µF	±20%	7.7	12.5	-	5.0	4.5	17.5	UE1	1500
	RDED72W125MUE1H03A	X7T	450	1.2µF	±20%	7.7	12.5	-	5.0	4.5	17.5	UE1	1000
	RDED72J103K2M1H03A	X7T	630	10000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDED72J153K2M1H03A	X7T	630	15000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RDED72J223K3M1H03A	X7T	630	22000pF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	16.0	3M1	2000
	RDED72J333K3M1H03A	X7T	630	33000pF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	16.0	3M1	2000
	RDED72J473K3M1H03A	X7T	630	47000pF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	16.0	3M1	2000
	RDED72J683K4M1H03A	X7T	630	68000pF	±10%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	16.0	4M1	1500
	RDED72J104K5E1H03A	X7T	630	0.1µF	±10%	7.5	8.0	-	5.0	4.5	17.5	5E1	1500
	RDED72J154K5E1H03A	X7T	630	0.15µF	±10%	7.5	8.0	-	5.0	4.5	17.5	5E1	1500
	RDED72J224K5E1H03A	X7T	630	0.22µF	±10%	7.5	8.0	-	5.0	4.5	17.5	5E1	1500
	RDED72J274K5E1H03A	X7T	630	0.27µF	±10%	7.5	8.0	-	5.0	4.5	17.5	5E1	1500
	RDED72J474MUE1H03A	X7T	630	0.47µF	±20%	7.7	13.0	-	5.0	4.5	17.5	UE1	1000
	RDED72J564MUE1H03A	X7T	630	0.56µF	±20%	7.7	13.0	-	5.0	4.5	17.5	UE1	1000

Reference only

J.Spe	cification									
No.		t Item	Specification	Test Method (Ref. Standard:JIS C 5101(all parts), IEC60384(all parts))						
1	Appearance		No defects or abnormalities.	Visual inspection.						
2	Dimension and	d Marking	Within the specified dimensions and Marking.	Visual inspection, Using Caliper.						
3	Dielectric Between Strength Terminals		No defects or abnormalities.	The capacitor should not be damaged when voltage in Table is applied between the terminations for 1 to 5 seconds. (Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA.) Rated voltage Test voltage DC250V 200% of the rated voltage DC450V 150% of the rated voltage DC630V 120% of the rated voltage						
		Terminal To External Resin	No defects or abnormalities.	The capacitor is placed in a container with metal balls of 1mm diameter so that each terminal, short-circuit, is kept approximately 2mm from the balls, and voltage in table is impressed for 1 to 5 seconds between capacitor terminals and metal balls. (Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA.) Rated voltage Test voltage DC250V·DC450V 200% of the rated voltage DC630V DC1300V						
4	Insulation Resistance (I.R.)	sistance Terminals (Whichever is smaller)		The insulation resistance should be measured with DC500V (DC250V in case of rated voltage: DC250V, DC450V) at normal temperature and humidity and within 2 minutes of charging. (Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA.)						
5	Capacitance		Within the specified tolerance.	The capacitance, D.F. should be measured at 25°C at the frequency and voltage shown in the table.						
6	Dissipation Factor (D.F.)		0.01 max.	Char. X7T Frequency 1±0.1kHz Voltage AC1±0.2V(r.m.s.)						
7	Capacitance Temperature Characteristics		within +22/-33%	The capacitance change should be measured at each specified temperature stage. Step Temperature(*C) 1						
8	Terminal Strength			As in the figure, fix the capacitor body, apply the force gradually to each lead in the radial direction of the capacitor until reaching 10N and then keep the force applied for 10±1 seconds.						
	Bending Termination not to Strength		Termination not to be broken or loosened.	Each lead wire should be subjected to a force of 2.5N and then be bent 90° at the point of egress in one direction. Each wire is then returned to the original position and bent 90° in the opposite direction at the rate of one bend per 2 to 3 seconds.						
9	Vibration Resistance Appearance Capacitance D.F. No defects or abnormalities. Capacitance Within the specified tolerance. 0.01max.		No defects or abnormalities.	The capacitor should be subjected to a simple						
-			Within the specified tolerance.	harmonic motion having a total amplitude of 1.5mm, the frequency being varied uniformly between the approximate limits of 10Hz and 55Hz. The frequency range, from 10Hz to 55Hz and return to 10Hz, shall be traversed in approximately 1 minute. This motion shall be applied for a period of 2 hours in each 3 mutually perpendicular directions (total of 6 hours).						

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Reference only

0.	Tes	Test Item Specification		Test Method (Ref. Standard:JIS C 5101(all parts), IEC60384 (all parts						
0	Solderability		Solder is deposited on unintermittently	The terr	minal of	capacitor is d	ipped into a s	solution of ros	sin	
			immersed portion in axial direction	The terminal of capacitor is dipped into a solution of rosin ethanol (25% rosin in weight propotion).						
			covering 3/4 or more in circumferential	Immerse	e in sold	er solution for	r 2±0.5 secoi	nds.		
			direction of lead wires.	In both o	cases th	e depth of dip	ping is up to	o about		
				1.5 to 2r	mm from	the terminal	body.			
				Temp. c	of solder	: 245±5°C (S	Sn-3.0Ag-0.5	Cu)		
1-1	Resistance	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	The lead	d wires s	hould be imn	nersed in the	melted solde	er	
	to Soldering	Capacitance	Within ±10%	1.5 to 2.	.0mm fro	m the root of	terminal at 2	260±5°C for 1	0±1 seconds	
	Heat	Change								
	(Non-	Dielectric	No defects.	• Pre-tre	eatment					
	Preheat)	Strength		Capacito	or should	d be stored a	it 150+0/-10°	C for one hou	ır, then place	;
		(Between		at *room	n conditio	on for 24±2 h	ours before i	nitial measure	ement.	
		terminals)		• Post-tr	reatment					
				Capacito	or should	d be stored fo	r 24±2 hour	s at *room co	ndition.	
11-2	Resistance	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hours at *room condition. First the capacitor should be stored at 120+0/-5°C for 60+0/-5 seconds.						
	to Soldering	Capacitance	Within ±10%	Then, th	ne lead w	rires should b	e immersed	in the melted	solder	
	Heat	Change		1.5 to 2.	.0mm fro	m the root of	terminal at 2	260±5°C for 7	.5+0/-1 seco	nds.
	(On-	Dielectric	No defects.							
	Preheat)	Strength		• Pre-tre	eatment					
		(Between		Capacito	or should	d be stored a	it 150+0/-10°	C for one hou	ır, then place)
		terminals)		at *room	n conditio	on for 24±2 h	ours before i	nitial measure	ement.	
				• Post-tr	reatment	:				
				Capacito	or should	d be stored fo	r 24±2 hour	s at *room co	ndition.	
11-3	Resistance Appearar		No defects or abnormalities.	Test condition						
	to Soldering Capacitance Heat Change		Within ±10%	Termperature of iron-tip : 350±10°C						
				Soldering time : 3.5±0.5 seconds						
	(soldering	Dielectric	No defects.	Soldering position						
	iron method)	Strength		Straight Lead: 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal.						
		(Between		Crimp Lead: 1.5 to 2.0mm from the end of lead bend.						
	terminals)									
				• Pre-tre	eatment					
				Capacitor should be stored at 150+0/-10°C for one hour, then place						
				at *room	n conditio	on for 24±2 h	ours before i	nitial measure	ement.	
				• Post-tr	reatment					
				Capacito	or should	d be stored fo	r 24±2 hour	s at *room co	ndition.	
12	Temperature	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	Repeat	5 cycles	according to	the 4 heat tr	eatments		
	Cycle	Capacitance	Within ±12.5%	listed in	the follo	wing table.				
		Change		Set at *r	room cor	ndition for 24:	£2 hours, the	n measure.		
		D.F.	0.01max.		Step	1	2	3	4	1
		I.R.	1 ,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min.	-	Otep	Min.		Max.	-	
			(Whichever is smaller)		Temp.	Operating	Room	Operating	Room	
		Dielectric	No defects or abnormalities.	7	(°C)	Temp. ±3	Temp.	Temp. ±3	Temp.	
		Strength		-	Time	0015	_	2215		
		(Between			(min.)	30±3	3 max.	30±3	3 max.	
		Terminals)						,		1
				• Pretrea	atment					
						reatment at 1	50+0/-10°C	for one		
						et at *room co				
13	3 Humidity Appear		No defects or abnormalities.	_		r at 40±2°C a				
-	(Steady	Capacitance	Within ±12.5%	_		5% for 500+2				
	State)	Change		1 1		t at *room cor		+2 hours the	n measure	
	J.a.o,	D.F.	0.02 max.	- 1.0.11046	. unu 36	100111 001				
		I.R.	1,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min.	• Pretrea	atment					
		I.IX.	•			rootmont of 4	50±0/40°C	for one		
			(Whichever is smaller)			reatment at 1				
				hour and then set at *room condition for 24±2 hours.						

Reference only

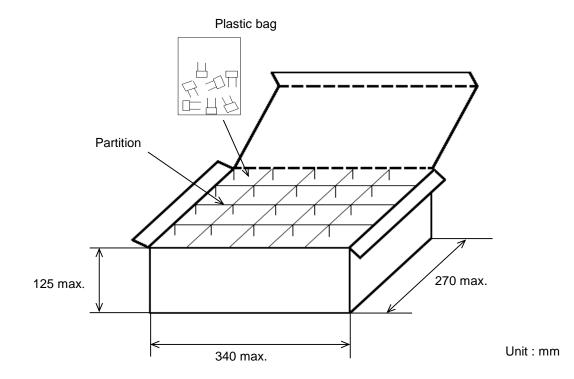
0.	Test	Test Item Specification		Test Method (Ref. Standard:JIS C 5101(all parts), IEC60384 (all parts))						
14	Humidity	idity Appearance No defects or abnormalities.		Apply the rated voltage at 40±2°C and relative						
	Load	Capacitance	Within ±12.5%	humidity of 90	to 95% for 500+24	l/-0 hours.				
		Change		Remove and set at *room condition for 24±2 hours, then measure. (Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA.)						
		D.F.	0.02 max.							
		I.R.	500MΩ or 25MΩ•μF min.							
			(Whichever is smaller)	 Pretreatment 	t					
				Perform a heat	t treatment at 150+	-0/-10°C for one				
				hour and then	set at *room condi	tion for 24±2 hours.				
15	High	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	Apply voltage in Table for 1000+48/-0 hours at the		48/-0 hours at the				
	Temperature	Capacitance	Capacitance Within ±12.5%		maximum operating temperature ±3°C.					
	Load	Change		Remove and s	Remove and set at *room condition for 24±2 hours, then measure.					
		D.F.	0.02 max.	(Charge/Disch	(Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA.)					
		I.R.	1 ,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min.		Rated voltage	Test voltage				
			(Whichever is smaller)		DC250V	150% of the rated voltage				
					DC450V	130% of the rated voltage				
					DC630V	120% of the rated voltage				
				Pretreatment	i					
				Apply test volta	age for one hour at	test temperature.				
				Remove and s	et at *room conditi	on for 24±2 hours.				
16	Solvent	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	The capacitor should be fully immersed, unagitated,						
	Resistance	Marking	Legible.	in reagent at 20 to 25°C for 30±5 sec. and then						
				remove gently.	. Marking on the su	urface of the				
				capacitor shall	immendiately be v	risually examined.				
. 133.314.100				Ů,	Ü					
				Regent : Isopro	opyl alcohol					

^{* &}quot;room condition" Temperature : 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity : 45 to 75%, Atmosphere pressure : 86 to 106kPa

6. Packing specification

•Bulk type (Packing style code : B)

The size of packing case and packing way



The number of packing = *1 Packing quantity \times *2 n

*1 : Please refer to [Part number list].

*2 : Standard n = 20 (bag)

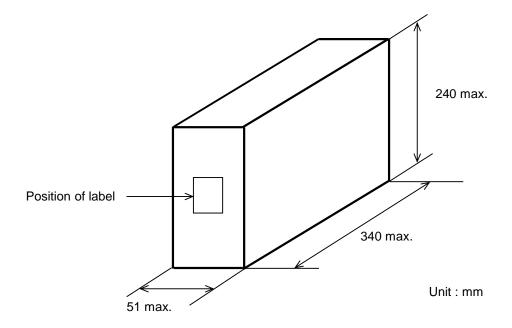
Note)

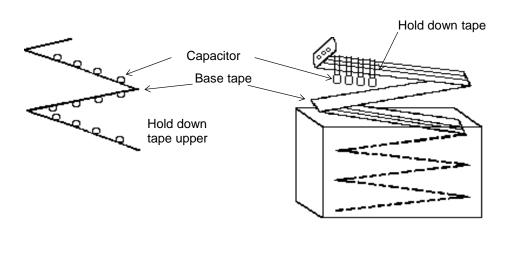
The outer package and the number of outer packing be changed by the order getting amount.

•Ammo pack taping type (Packing style code : A)

A crease is made every 25 pitches, and the tape with capacitors is packed zigzag into a case. When body of the capacitor is piled on other body under it.

The size of packing case and packing way



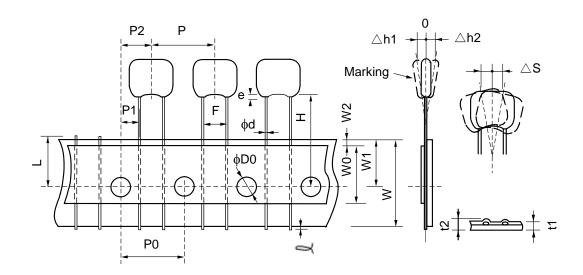


7. Taping specification

7-1. Dimension of capacitors on tape

Straight taping type < Lead Style : E1 >

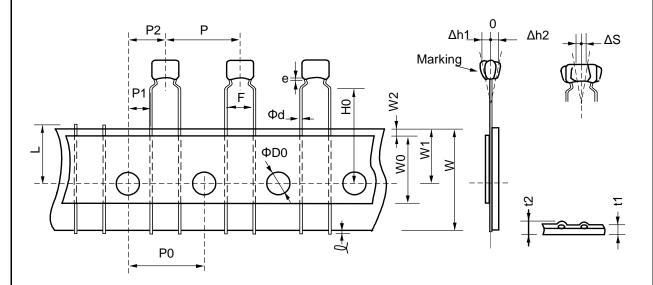
Pitch of component 12.7mm / Lead spacing 5.0mm



Unit: mm

Item	Code	Dimensions	Remarks	
Pitch of component	Р	12.7+/-1.0		
Pitch of sprocket hole	P0	12.7+/-0.2		
Lead spacing	F	5.0+0.6/-0.2		
Length from hole center to component center		6.35+/-1.3	Deviation of progress direction	
Length from hole center to lead	P1	3.85+/-0.7		
Deviation along tape, left or right defect	ΔS	0+/-2.0	They include deviation by lead bend	
Carrier tape width	W	18.0+/-0.5		
Position of sprocket hole	W1	9.0+0/-0.5	Deviation of tape width direction	
For straight lead type	Н	17.5+/-0.5		
Protrusion length	l	0.5 max.		
Diameter of sprocket hole	ФD0	4.0+/-0.1		
Lead diameter	Фd	0.5+/-0.05		
Total tape thickness	t1	0.6+/-0.3	They include hold down tape	
Total thickness of tape and lead wire	t2	1.5 max.	thickness.	
Deviation agrees tand	∆h1	2.0 max. (Dimension code : U)		
Deviation across tape	∆h2	1.0 max. (exce	pt as above)	
Portion to cut in case of defect	L	11.0+0/-1.0		
Hold down tape width	W0	9.5 min.		
Hold down tape position	W2	1.5+/-1.5		
Coating extension on lead		2.0 max. (Dime	nsion code: U)	
Coating extension on lead	е	1.5 max. (exce	pt as above)	

Inside crimp taping type < Lead Style : M1 > Pitch of component 12.7mm / Lead spacing 5.0mm

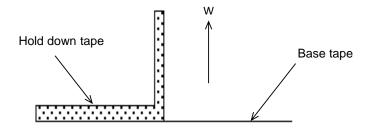


Unit: mm

Item	Code	Dimensions	Remarks
Pitch of component	Р	12.7+/-1.0	
Pitch of sprocket hole	P0	12.7+/-0.2	
Lead spacing	F	5.0+0.6/-0.2	
Length from hole center to component center		6.35+/-1.3	Deviation of progress direction
Length from hole center to lead	P1	3.85+/-0.7	
Deviation along tape, left or right defect	ΔS	0+/-2.0	They include deviation by lead bend
Carrier tape width	W	18.0+/-0.5	
Position of sprocket hole	W1	9.0+0/-0.5	Deviation of tape width direction
Lead distance between reference and bottom plane	H0	16.0+/-0.5	
Protrusion length	l	0.5 max.	
Diameter of sprocket hole	ФD0	4.0+/-0.1	
Lead diameter	Фd	0.5+/-0.05	
Total tape thickness	t1	0.6+/-0.3	They include hold down tape
Total thickness of tape and lead wire	t2	1.5 max.	thickness
Doviation across tapo	∆h1	2.0 max. (Di	mension code : W)
Deviation across tape	Δh2	1.0 max. (ex	ccept as above)
Portion to cut in case of defect	L	11.0+0/-1.0	
Hold down tape width	W0	9.5 min.	
Hold down tape position	W2	1.5+/-1.5	
Coating extension on lead	е	Up to the end of	crimp

7-2. Splicing way of tape

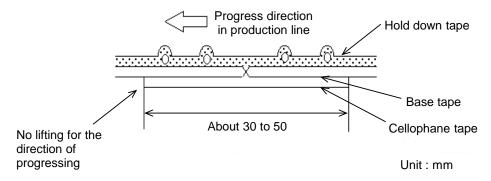
1) Adhesive force of tape is over 3N at test condition as below.



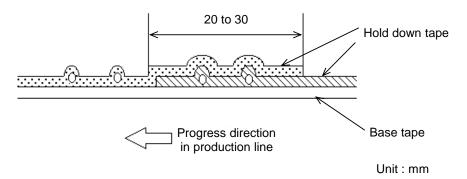
2) Splicing of tape

- (a) When base tape is spliced
 - •Base tape shall be spliced by cellophane tape.

(Total tape thickness shall be less than 1.05mm.)



- (b) When hold down tape is spliced
- •Hold down tape shall be spliced with overlapping. (Total tape thickness shall be less than 1.05mm.)



- (c) When both tape are spliced
- •Base tape and hold down tape shall be spliced with splicing tape.
- 3) Missing components
 - •There should be no consecutive missing of more than three components.
 - •The number of missing components should be not more than 0.5 % of total components that should be present in a Ammo pack.