| | Reference Specification |
|-------------------|--|
| | |
| | |
| Lea | aded MLCC for Consumer Electronics & Industrial Equipment RDE Series |
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| | |
| Product specific: | ations in this catalog are as of Apr. 2025, and are subject to change or |
| obsolescence wi | |
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Please refer to the product information page for more information on ceramic capacitors.→ Ceramic capacitor product information Various data can be obtained directly from the product search. \rightarrow <u>Product search (SMD)</u> / <u>Product search (Lead Type)</u>

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1. Scope

This product specification is applied to Leaded MLCC RDE series.

1.Specific applications:

• Consumer Equipment: Products that can be used in consumer equipment such as home appliances, audio/visual equipment, communication equipment, information equipment, office equipment, and household robotics, and whose functions are not directly related to the protection of human life and property.

•Industrial Equipment: Products that can be used in industrial equipment such as base stations, manufacturing equipment, industrial robotics equipment, and measurement equipment, and whose functions do not directly relate to the protection of human life and property.

•Medial Equipment [GHTF A/B/C] except for Implant Equipment: Products suitable for use in medical devices designated under the GHTF international classifications as Class A or Class B (the functions of which are not directly involved in protection of human life or property) or in medical devices other than implants designated under the GHTF international classifications as Class C (the malfunctioning of which is considered to pose a comparatively high risk to the human body).

•Automotive infotainment/comfort equipment: Products that can be used for automotive equipment such as car navigation systems and car audio systems that do not directly relate to human life and whose structure, equipment, and performance are not specifically required by law to meet technical standards for safety assurance or environmental protection.

2.Unsuitable Application: Applications listed in "Limitation of applications" in this product specification. WE DISCLAIM ANY LOSS AND DAMAGES ARISING FROM OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE PRODUCTS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE CASE SUCH LOSS AND DAMAGES CAUSED BY THE UNEXPECTED ACCIDENT,

IN EVENT THAT THE PRODUCT IS APPLIED FOR THE PURPOSE WHICH IS SPECIFIED ABOVE AS THE UNSUITABLE APPLICATION FOR THE PRODUCT.

2. Rating

Part Number Configuration

ex.)

| RDE | 7U | 2J | 943 | J | U | E1 | H03 | Α |
|--------|-----------------|---------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-------|---------------|---------|
| Series | Temperature | Rated | Capacitance | Capacitance | Dimension | Lead | Individual | Package |
| | Characteristics | Voltage | | Tolerance | (LxW) | Style | Specification | |

• Temperature Characteristics

| ſ | Code | Temp. Char. | Temp. Range | Temp.coef. | Standard Temp. | Operating Temp. Range |
|---|------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| ſ | 7U | U2J | -55∼25°C | -750+120/-347ppm/°C | 25°C | -55∼125°C |
| | 70 | (EIA code) | 25∼125°C | -750+/-120ppm/°C | 25 C | -55** 125 C |

Rated Voltage

| 0 | |
|------|---------------|
| Code | Rated voltage |
| 2E | DC250V |
| 2J | DC630V |
| 3A | DC1000V |

Capacitance

The first two digits denote significant figures ; the last digit denotes the multiplier of 10 in pF.

ex.) In case of 943.

$$94 \times 10^3 = 94000 \text{ pF}$$

Capacitance Tolerance

| Code | Capacitance Tolerance |
|------|-----------------------|
| J | +/-5% |

• Dimension (LxW)

Please refer to [Part number list].

Lead Style

*Lead wire is "solder coated CP wire".

| Code | Lead Style | Lead spacing (mm) |
|------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| B1 | Straight type | 5.0+/-0.8 |
| E1 | Straight taping type | 5.0+0.6/-0.2 |
| K1 | Inside crimp type | 5.0+/-0.8 |
| M1 | Inside crimp taping type | 5.0+0.6/-0.2 |

Individual Specification

Murata's control code. Please refer to [Part number list].

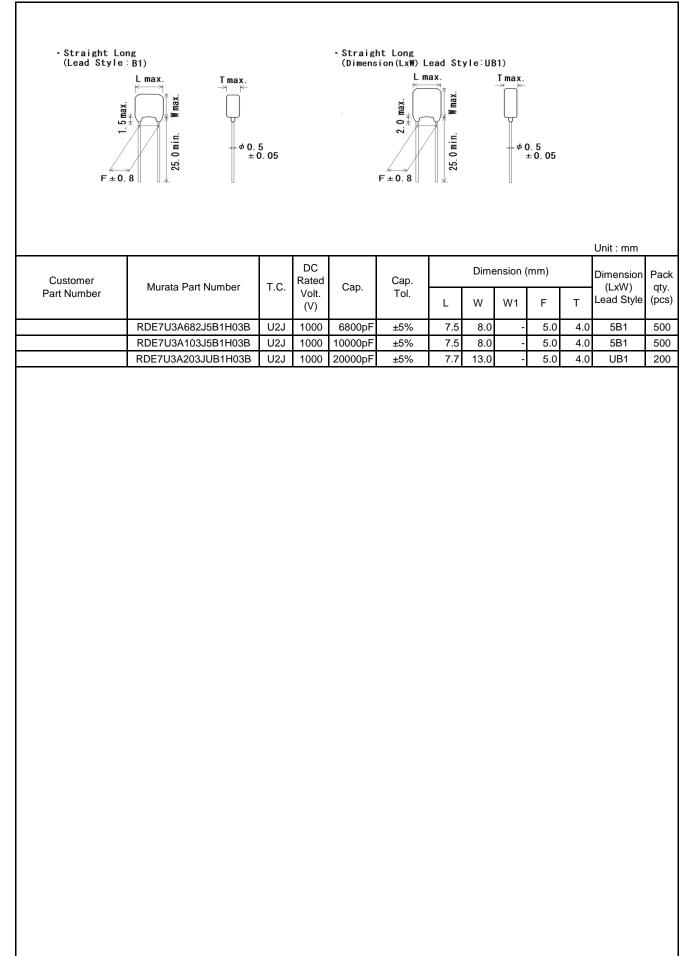
Package

| Code | Package |
|------|---------------------|
| A | Taping type of Ammo |
| В | Bulk type |

| | | Reference | only | | |
|------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| 3. Marking | | | | | |
| Capa | citance : | Letter code : U (U2J (Actual numbers (Less 3 digit numbers (100p | than 100pF) | | |
| Rate | - | Letter code : 4 (DC25 Letter code : 7 (DC63 Letter code : A (DC10 | 0V) 00V) | | |
| Com | pany name code : | Abbreviation : 🚱 (E | Except dimension code | ə : 1) | |
| | (Ex.) | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| | Rated voltage Dimension code | DC250V | DC630V | DC1000V | |
| | 1 | U 102J | _ | _ | |
| | 2 | Cm ¹⁰³ J4U | C 472 J7U | Cm ¹⁰² JAU | |
| | 3,4 | (4 73 J4U | (m 103 J7U | (m 472 JAU | |
| | 5,U | _ | & 943 J7U | (% 203 JAU | |
| | | | | | |

| . Part number list | | | | . | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|------------|----------------------|---------------------|--------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------------|----------|
| • Inside Cri (Lead Styl | | | | •Straigh (Lead S | tyle:B1) | | | _ | | | | |
| F ± 0.8 | L max. | 05 | | | . xeu 4 | 25.0 min. Wmax. | | | 0.5 ±0.05 | | | |
| | | | DC | | | | | | | | Unit : mm | 1 |
| Customer Part Number | Murata Part Number | T.C. | DC Rated Volt. | Cap. | Cap. Tol. | | Dime W | wnsion (W1 | (mm) F | т | Dimension (LxW) Lead Style | qty |
| | | | (V) | | | L | | | | | | ů. |
| | RDE7U2E101J1K1H03B | U2J | 250 | 100pF | ±5% | 4.5 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 1K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2E151J1K1H03B RDE7U2E221J1K1H03B | U2J U2J | 250 250 | 150pF 220pF | ±5% ±5% | 4.5 4.5 | 3.5 3.5 | 5.0 5.0 | 5.0 5.0 | 3.15 3.15 | 1K1 1K1 | 50 50 |
| | RDE702E22131K1H03B | U2J | 250 | 330pF | ±5% | 4.5 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 1K1 1K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2E471J1K1H03B | U2J | 250 | 470pF | ±5% | 4.5 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 1K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2E681J1K1H03B | U2J | 250 | 680pF | ±5% | 4.5 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 1K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2E102J1K1H03B | U2J | 250 | 1000pF | ±5% | 4.5 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 1K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2E152J1K1H03B | U2J | 250 | 1500pF | ±5% | 4.5 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 1K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2E222J1K1H03B | U2J | 250 | 2200pF | ±5% | 4.5 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 1K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2E332J1K1H03B | U2J | 250 | 3300pF | ±5% | 4.5 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 1K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2E472J1K1H03B | U2J | 250 | 4700pF | ±5% | 4.5 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 1K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2E682J2K1H03B | U2J | 250 | 6800pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2E103J2K1H03B | U2J | 250 | 10000pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2E153J2K1H03B RDE7U2E223J2K1H03B | U2J U2J | 250 250 | 15000pF 22000pF | ±5% ±5% | 5.5 5.5 | 4.0 4.0 | 6.0 6.0 | 5.0 5.0 | 3.15 3.15 | 2K1 2K1 | 50 50 |
| | RDE702E22332K1H03B | U2J | 250 | 22000pF 33000pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 5.0 | 7.5 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 2K1 3K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2E473J3K1H03B | U2J | 250 | 47000pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 5.0 | 7.5 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 3K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2J100J2K1H03B | U2J | 630 | 10pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | | | - | 50 |
| | RDE7U2J150J2K1H03B | U2J | 630 | 15pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | | 3.15 | | 50 |
| | RDE7U2J220J2K1H03B | U2J | 630 | 22pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2J330J2K1H03B | U2J | 630 | 33pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2J470J2K1H03B | U2J | 630 | 47pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2J680J2K1H03B | U2J | 630 | 68pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2J101J2K1H03B | U2J | 630 | 100pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2J151J2K1H03B | U2J | 630 | 150pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2J221J2K1H03B RDE7U2J331J2K1H03B | U2J U2J | 630 630 | 220pF | ±5% | 5.5 5.5 | 4.0 4.0 | 6.0 6.0 | 5.0 5.0 | 3.15 3.15 | 2K1 2K1 | 50 50 |
| | RDE702J331J2K1H03B | U2J U2J | 630 630 | 330pF 470pF | ±5% ±5% | 5.5 5.5 | 4.0 4.0 | 6.0 6.0 | 5.0 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 2K1 | 50 50 |
| | RDE702J471J2K1H03B | U2J | 630 | 470pF 680pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 2K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2J102J2K1H03B | U2J | 630 | 1000pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | | 3.15 | 2K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2J152J2K1H03B | U2J | 630 | 1500pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | | 3.15 | 2K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2J222J2K1H03B | U2J | 630 | 2200pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2J332J2K1H03B | U2J | 630 | 3300pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2J472J2K1H03B | U2J | 630 | 4700pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | | 3.15 | 2K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2J682J3K1H03B | U2J | 630 | 6800pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 5.0 | 7.5 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 3K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2J103J3K1H03B | U2J | 630 | 10000pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 5.0 | 7.5 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 3K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2J153J4K1H03B | U2J | 630 | 15000pF | ±5% | 7.5 | 5.5 | 8.0 | | 4.0 | 4K1 | 50 |
| | | U2J | 630 | 22000pF | ±5% | 7.5 | 5.5 | 8.0 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 4K1 | 50 |
| | RDE7U2J223J4K1H03B RDE7U2J333J5B1H03B | U2J | 630 | 33000pF | ±5% | 7.5 | 8.0 | | 5.0 | 4.0 | 5B1 | 50 |

| F±0 | 52 | 5 0. 05 | | F± | 0.8 | 25.0 min. | | ± φ 0. ± | o. 05 | | | |
|-------------------------|--|------------|----------------|------------------|--------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|--------------|------------------------|---|
| | | | DC | | | | Dime | ension (| mm) | | Unit : mm Dimension | F |
| Customer Part Number | Murata Part Number | T.C. | Rated Volt. | Cap. | Cap. Tol. | | | | | | (LxW) | |
| | | | (V) | | | L | W | W1 | F | Т | Lead Style | (|
| | RDE7U2J943JUB1H03B | U2J | 630 | 94000pF | ±5% | 7.7 | 13.0 | - | 5.0 | 4.0 | UB1 | |
| | RDE7U3A100J2K1H03B | U2J | 1000 | 10pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 | |
| | RDE7U3A150J2K1H03B | U2J | 1000 | 15pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 | |
| | RDE7U3A220J2K1H03B RDE7U3A330J2K1H03B | U2J U2J | 1000 1000 | 22pF 33pF | ±5% ±5% | 5.5 5.5 | 4.0 4.0 | 6.0 6.0 | 5.0 5.0 | 3.15 3.15 | 2K1 2K1 | |
| | RDE7U3A470J2K1H03B | U2J | 1000 | 47pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 2K1 | ŀ |
| | RDE7U3A680J2K1H03B | U2J | 1000 | 68pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 | ŀ |
| | RDE7U3A101J2K1H03B | U2J | 1000 | 100pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 | ŀ |
| | RDE7U3A151J2K1H03B | U2J | 1000 | 150pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 | ľ |
| | RDE7U3A221J2K1H03B | U2J | 1000 | 220pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 | |
| | RDE7U3A331J2K1H03B | U2J | 1000 | 330pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 | |
| | RDE7U3A471J2K1H03B | U2J | 1000 | 470pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 | |
| | RDE7U3A681J2K1H03B | U2J | 1000 | 680pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 | |
| | RDE7U3A102J2K1H03B | U2J | 1000 | 1000pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 2K1 | |
| | RDE7U3A152J3K1H03B | U2J | 1000 | 1500pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 5.0 | 7.5 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 3K1 | |
| | RDE7U3A222J3K1H03B RDE7U3A332J4K1H03B | U2J U2J | 1000 1000 | 2200pF 3300pF | ±5% ±5% | 5.5 7.5 | 5.0 5.5 | 7.5 8.0 | 5.0 5.0 | 4.0 4.0 | 3K1 4K1 | |
| | RDE7U3A472J4K1H03B | U2J | 1000 | 4700pF | ±5% | 7.5 | | | | - | | - |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |



| | | | 1 | Veletence | Only | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|------------|------------|------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|----------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| • Inside Cr (Lead Styl | | | | | aight Tapi d Style∶E | | | | | | | | |
| | () . M ^(*) | | | | | | | max. | | Tmax. | | | |
| | $F^{\pm 0.6}$ | Ĭ | ζ. | | H=0.5 | | F ± 0.6 | | 0.5 ± 0.05 | | | | |
| | | | | | •••• | | | | | | | | |
| | | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Unit : mm | |
| _ | | | DC | | _ | | D | imensi | on (mn | n) | | Dimension | Pa |
| Customer Part Number | Murata Part Number | T.C. | Rated Volt. (V) | Cap. | Cap. Tol. | L | W | W1 | F | т | H/H0 | (LxW) Lead Style | qt |
| | RDE7U2E101J1M1H03A | U2J | 250 | 100pF | ±5% | 4.5 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 16.0 | 1M1 | 20 |
| | RDE702E10131M11103A | U2J | 250 | 150pF | ±5% | 4.5 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 16.0 | 1M1 | 20 |
| | RDE702E13131M11103A | U2J | 250 | 220pF | ±5% | 4.5 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 16.0 | 1M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2E331J1M1H03A | U2J | 250 | 330pF | ±5% | 4.5 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 16.0 | 1M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2E471J1M1H03A | U2J | 250 | 470pF | ±5% | 4.5 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 16.0 | 1M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2E681J1M1H03A | U2J | 250 | 680pF | ±5% | 4.5 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 16.0 | 1M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2E102J1M1H03A | U2J | 250 | 1000pF | ±5% | 4.5 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 16.0 | 1M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2E152J1M1H03A | U2J | 250 | 1500pF | ±5% | 4.5 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 16.0 | 1M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2E222J1M1H03A | U2J | 250 | 2200pF | ±5% | 4.5 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 16.0 | 1M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2E332J1M1H03A | U2J | 250 | 3300pF | ±5% | 4.5 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 16.0 | 1M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2E472J1M1H03A | U2J | 250 | 4700pF | ±5% | 4.5 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 16.0 | 1M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2E682J2M1H03A | U2J | 250 | 6800pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 16.0 | 2M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2E103J2M1H03A | U2J | 250 | 10000pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 16.0 | 2M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2E153J2M1H03A | U2J | 250 | 15000pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 16.0 | 2M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2E223J2M1H03A | U2J | 250 | 22000pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 16.0 | 2M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2E333J3M1H03A | U2J | 250 | 33000pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 5.0 | 7.5 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 16.0 | 3M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2E473J3M1H03A | U2J | 250 | 47000pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 5.0 | 7.5 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 16.0 | 3M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2J100J2M1H03A | U2J | 630 | 10pF | ±5% | 5.5 | | | 5.0 | | 16.0 | 2M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2J150J2M1H03A | U2J | 630 | 15pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | | | 2M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2J220J2M1H03A | U2J | 630 | 22pF | ±5% | 5.5 | | 6.0 | 5.0 | | | 2M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2J330J2M1H03A | U2J | 630 | 33pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | | 2M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2J470J2M1H03A | U2J | 630 | 47pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | | 2M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2J680J2M1H03A RDE7U2J101J2M1H03A | U2J U2J | 630 630 | 68pF 100pF | ±5% ±5% | 5.5 5.5 | 4.0 4.0 | 6.0 6.0 | 5.0 5.0 | 3.15 3.15 | | 2M1 2M1 | 20 20 |
| | RDE7U2J151J2M1H03A | U2J | 630 | 150pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | | 2M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2J221J2M1H03A | U2J | 630 | 220pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | | 2M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2J331J2M1H03A | U2J | 630 | 330pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | | 2M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2J471J2M1H03A | U2J | 630 | 470pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | | 2M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2J681J2M1H03A | U2J | 630 | 680pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 16.0 | 2M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2J102J2M1H03A | U2J | 630 | 1000pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 16.0 | 2M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2J152J2M1H03A | U2J | 630 | 1500pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 16.0 | 2M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2J222J2M1H03A | U2J | 630 | 2200pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 16.0 | 2M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2J332J2M1H03A | U2J | 630 | 3300pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 16.0 | 2M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2J472J2M1H03A | U2J | 630 | 4700pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | 16.0 | 2M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2J682J3M1H03A | U2J | 630 | 6800pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 5.0 | 7.5 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 16.0 | 3M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2J103J3M1H03A | U2J | 630 | 10000pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 5.0 | 7.5 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 16.0 | 3M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U2J153J4M1H03A | U2J | 630 | 15000pF | ±5% | 7.5 | 5.5 | 8.0 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 16.0 | 4M1 | 15 |
| | RDE7U2J223J4M1H03A | U2J | 630 | 22000pF | ±5% | 7.5 | 5.5 | 8.0 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 16.0 | 4M1 | 15 |
| | | | | | | • | | | | | | | |
| | RDE7U2J333J5E1H03A RDE7U2J473J5E1H03A | U2J U2J | 630 630 | 33000pF 47000pF | ±5% ±5% | 7.5 7.5 | 8.0 8.0 | - | 5.0 5.0 | 4.0 4.0 | 17.5 17.5 | 5E1 5E1 | 15 15 |

| | Taping /le:E*) | | | | de Crimp d Style:N | | g | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------------|------|----------------------------------|----------|
| | $F^{\pm 0.6}_{\pm 0.2} \neq 0.5$ | 5 | X. | | HO ± 0.5 | | ±0.6 | | | T max. ⇒ ⊭ | | | |
| | | | - | | | 1 | | | | | | Unit : mm | |
| Customer Part Number | Murata Part Number | T.C. | DC Rated Volt. | Cap. | Cap. Tol. | | | imensi | | , | | Dimension (LxW) Lead Style | qty |
| | | | (V) | | | L | W | W1 | F | Т | H/H0 | Lead Otyle | (pc. |
| | RDE7U2J943JUE1H03A | U2J | 630 | 94000pF | ±5% | 7.7 | 13.0 | - | 5.0 | 4.0 | 17.5 | UE1 | 150 |
| | RDE7U3A100J2M1H03A | U2J | 1000 | 10pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | | 2M1 | 200 |
| | RDE7U3A150J2M1H03A | U2J | 1000 | 15pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | | 2M1 | 200 |
| | RDE7U3A220J2M1H03A | U2J | 1000 | 22pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | | 2M1 | 200 |
| | RDE7U3A330J2M1H03A | U2J | 1000 | 33pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | | 2M1 | 200 |
| | RDE7U3A470J2M1H03A | U2J | 1000 | 47pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | | 2M1 | 200 |
| | RDE7U3A680J2M1H03A | U2J | 1000 | 68pF | ±5% | 5.5 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | | 2M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U3A101J2M1H03A RDE7U3A151J2M1H03A | U2J U2J | 1000 1000 | 100pF 150pF | ±5% ±5% | 5.5 5.5 | 4.0 4.0 | 6.0 6.0 | 5.0 5.0 | 3.15 3.15 | | 2M1 2M1 | 20 20 |
| | RDE7U3A221J2M1H03A | U2J | 1000 | 220pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | | 2M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U3A331J2M1H03A | U2J | 1000 | 330pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | | 2M1 | 20 |
| | RDE703A471J2M1H03A | U2J | 1000 | 470pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | | | 20 |
| | RDE7U3A681J2M1H03A | U2J | 1000 | 680pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | | | 20 |
| | RDE7U3A102J2M1H03A | U2J | 1000 | 1000pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 3.15 | | | 20 |
| | RDE7U3A152J3M1H03A | U2J | 1000 | 1500pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 5.0 | 7.5 | 5.0 | 4.0 | | | 20 |
| | RDE7U3A222J3M1H03A | U2J | 1000 | 2200pF | ±5% | 5.5 | 5.0 | 7.5 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 16.0 | 3M1 | 20 |
| | RDE7U3A332J4M1H03A | U2J | 1000 | 3300pF | ±5% | 7.5 | 5.5 | 8.0 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 16.0 | 4M1 | 15 |
| | RDE7U3A472J4M1H03A | U2J | 1000 | 4700pF | ±5% | 7.5 | 5.5 | 8.0 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 16.0 | 4M1 | 15 |
| | RDE7U3A682J5E1H03A | U2J | 1000 | 6800pF | ±5% | 7.5 | 8.0 | - | 5.0 | 4.0 | 17.5 | 5E1 | 15 |
| | RDE7U3A103J5E1H03A | U2J | 1000 | 10000pF | ±5% | 7.5 | 8.0 | - | 5.0 | 4.0 | 17.5 | 5E1 | 15 |
| | RDE7U3A203JUE1H03A | U2J | 1000 | 20000pF | | | | | | | 17.5 | UE1 | |

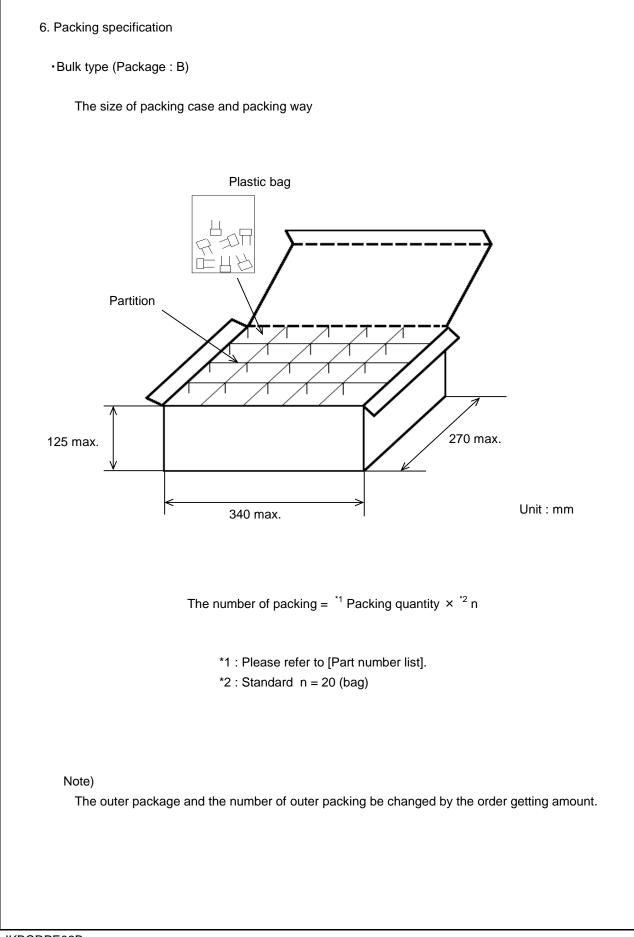
| 5.Spe | cification | | | | | | | |
|-------|--|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| No. | | t Item | Specification | Test Method (Ref. Standard:JIS C 5101(all parts), IEC60384(all part | | | | |
| | Appearance | | No defects or abnormalities. | Visual inspection. | | | | |
| | Dimension and Marking | t | Within the specified dimensions and Marking. | Visual inspection, Using Caliper. | | | | |
| 3 | Dielectric Strength | Between Terminals | No defects or abnormalities. | The capacitor should not be damaged when voltage of in Table is applied between the terminations for 1 to 5 seconds. (Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA.) Rated voltage Test voltage DC250V 200% of the rated voltage DC630V 150% of the rated voltage DC1kV 130% of the rated voltage | | | | |
| | | Terminal To External Resin | No defects or abnormalities. | The capacitor is placed in a container with metal balls of 1mm diameter so that each terminal, short-circuit, is kept approximately 2mm from the balls, and voltage in Table is impressed for 1 to 5 seconds between capacitor terminals and metal balls. (Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA.) Rated voltage Test voltage DC250V DC500V | | | | |
| 4 | Insulation | Between | 10,000MΩ or 500MΩ+μF min. | DC630V-DC1kV DC1300V The insulation resistance should be measured with | | | | |
| 7 | Resistance (I.R.) | Terminals | (Whichever is smaller) | DC500 \pm 50V (DC250 \pm 25V in case of rated voltage : DC250V) at normal temperature and humidity and within 2 minutes of charging. (Charge/Discharge current \leq 50mA.) | | | | |
| 5 | Capacitance | | Within the specified tolerance. | The capacitance, Q should be measured at 25°C at the frequency and voltage shown in the table. | | | | |
| 6 | Q | | 30pF ≦ C : Q ≧ 1,000 30pF > C : Q ≧ 400+20C C : Nominal Capacitance (pF) | Nominal Cap. Frequency Voltage C≤1000pF 1±0.2MHz AC0.5 to 5V(r.m.s.) C > 1000pF 1±0.2kHz AC1±0.2V(r.m.s.) | | | | |
| 7 | Capacitance Temperature Characteristics | | Within the specified Tolerance. 25°C to 125°C : -750±120 ppm/°C -55°C to 25°C : -750+120/-347 ppm/°C | The capacitance change should be measured after 5 minutes at each specified temperature stage. The temperature coefficient is determined using the capacitance measured in step 3 as a reference. When cycling the temperature sequentially from step 1 through 5 (-55°C to 125°C) the capacitance should be within the specified tolerance for the temperature coefficient. $\underbrace{\boxed{Step} Temperature(°C)}_{1} 25\pm 2}_{2} -55\pm 3}_{3} 25\pm 2}_{4} 125\pm 3}_{5} 25\pm 2}$ | | | | |
| 8 | Terminal Tensile Strength Strength Bending Strength | | Termination not to be broken or loosened. | As in the figure, fix the capacitor body, apply the force gradually to each lead in the radial direction of the capacitor until reaching 10N and then keep applied the force for 10±1 seconds. | | | | |
| | | | Termination not to be broken or loosened. | Each lead wire should be subjected to a force of 2.5N and then be bent 90° at the point of egress in one direction. Each wire is then returned to the original position and bent 90° in the opposite direction at the rate of one bend per 2 to 3 seconds. | | | | |
| 9 | Vibration Appearance Resistance Capacitance Q | | No defects or abnormalities. | The capacitor should be subjected to a simple | | | | |
| | | | Within the specified tolerance. $30pF \leq C : Q \geq 1,000$ $30pF > C : Q \geq 400+20C$ C : Nominal Capacitance (pF) | harmonic motion having a total amplitude of 1.5mm, the frequency being varied uniformly between the approximate limits of 10Hz and 55Hz. The frequency range, from 10Hz to 55Hz and return to 10Hz, shall be traversed in approximately 1 minute. This motion shall be applied for a period of 2 hours in each 3 mutually perpendicular directions (total of 6 hours). | | | | |
| ESRD | | | | mutually perpendicular directions (total of 6 hours). | | | | |

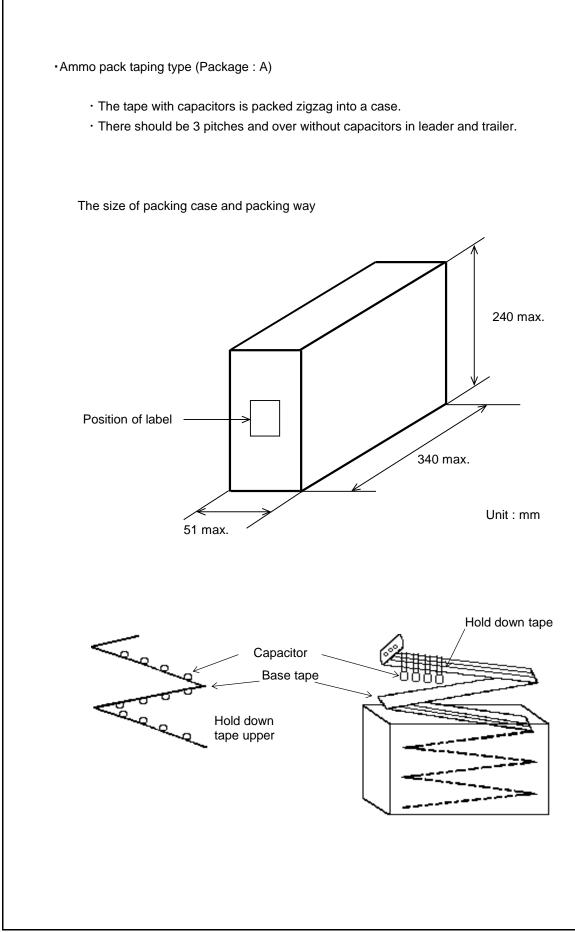
| ۱o. | Test | Item | Specification | ation Test Method (Ref. Standard:JIS C 5101(all parts), IEC60384(all par | | | | | |
|-------|---|---|---|--|---------------------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|--|
| | Test Item Solderability | | Solder is deposited on unintermittingly immersed portion in axial direction covering 3/4 or more in circumferential direction of lead wires. | The terminal of capacitor is dipped into a solution of rosin ethanol (25% rosin in weight proportion). Immerse in solder solution for 2±0.5 seconds. In both cases the depth of dipping is up to about 1.5 to 2mm from the terminal body. Temp. of solder : 245±5°C (Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu) | | | | | |
| 11-1 | Resistance to Soldering Heat (Non- Preheat) | Appearance Capacitance Change Dielectric Strength (Between terminals) | No defects or abnormalities. Within ±2.5% or ±0.25pF (Whichever is larger) No defects | The lead wires should be immersed in the melted solder 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal at 260±5°C for 10±1 seconds. • Post-treatment Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hours at *room condition. | | | | | |
| 11-2 | Resistance to Soldering Heat (On-Preheat) | Appearance Capacitance Change Dielectric Strength (Between terminals) | No defects or abnormalities. Within ±2.5% or ±0.25pF (Whichever is larger) No defects | First the capacitor should be stored at 120+0/-5°C for 60+0/-5 seconds. Then, the lead wires should be immersed in the melted solder 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal at 260±5°C for 7.5+0/-1 seconds. • Post-treatment Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hours at *room condition. | | | | | |
| 11-3 | Resistance to Soldering Heat (soldering iron method) | Appearance Capacitance Change Dielectric Strength (Between terminals) | No defects or abnormalities. Within ±2.5% or ±0.25pF (Whichever is larger) No defects | Test condition Temperature of iron-tip : 350±10°C Soldering time : 3.5±0.5 seconds Soldering position Straight Lead : 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal. Crimp Lead : 1.5 to 2.0mm from the end of lead bend. • Post-treatment Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hours at *room condition. | | | dition. | | |
| 12 | Temperature Cycle | Appearance Capacitance Change Q I.R. Dielectric | No defects or abnormalities. Within $\pm 5\%$ or $\pm 0.5pF$ (Whichever is larger) $30pF \leq C : Q \geq 350$ $10pF \leq C < 30pF : Q \geq 275+5C/2$ $10pF > C : Q \geq 200+10C$ C : Nominal Capacitance (pF) $1,000M\Omega$ or $50M\Omega \cdot \mu F$ min. (Whichever is smaller) No defects or abnormalities. | Rep | eat 5 cycle wing table | es according to | the 4 heat | reatments liste | |
| 13 | Humidity (Steady State) | Strength (Between Terminals) Appearance | No defects or abnormalities. Within $\pm 5\%$ or $\pm 0.5pF$ (Whichever is larger) $30pF \leq C : Q \geq 350$ $10pF \leq C < 30pF : Q \geq 275+5C/2$ $10pF > C : Q \geq 200+10C$ C : Nominal Capacitance (pF) | Set the capacitor at 40±2°C and relative humidity 90 to 95% for 500+24/-0 hours. Remove and set for 24±2 hours at *room condition then measu | | | | | |
| "roor | n condition" Te | I.R. emperature : 15 | 1,000MΩ or 50MΩ+µF min. (Whichever is smaller) to 35°C, Relative humidity : 45 to 75%, Atr | nospher | e pressure | ∋ : 86 to 106kF | Pa | | |

only

| | T | 14 | | | | | | |
|---------|---|--------------------------|--|--|--|---------------------------|--|--|
| No. | | | Specification | Test Method (Ref. Standard:JIS C 5101(all parts), IEC60384(all parts)) | | | | |
| 14 | Humidity | Appearance | No defects or abnormalities. | Apply the rated voltage at 40±2°C and relative | | | | |
| | Load | Capacitance | Within ±5% or ±0.5pF | humidity o | humidity of 90 to 95% for 500+24/-0 hours. | | | |
| | Change(Whichever is larger)Q $30 \text{pF} \leq \text{C} : \text{Q} \geq 200$ | | (Whichever is larger) | Remove and set for 24±2 hours at *room condition, then measure. | | | | |
| | | | (Charge/Discharge current \leq 50mA.) | | | | | |
| | | 30pF > C : Q ≧ 100+10C/3 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | C : Nominal Capacitance (pF) | | | | | |
| | | I.R. | 500MΩ or 25MΩ • μF min. | | | | | |
| | | | (Whichever is smaller) | | | | | |
| 15 | High | Appearance | No defects or abnormalities. | Apply voltage in Table at the maximum | | | | |
| | Temperature | Capacitance | Within ±3% or ±0.3pF | operating temperature ±3°C for 1000+48/-0 hours. | | | | |
| | Load | Change | (Whichever is larger) | Remove and set for 24±2 hours at *room condition then measure. | | | | |
| | | Q | $30pF \leq C : Q \geq 350$ | (Charge/Discharge current \leq 50mA.) | | | | |
| | | | $10pF \leq C < 30pF : Q \geq 275+5C/2$ | | | | | |
| | | | 10pF > C : Q ≧ 200+10C | | Rated voltage | Test voltage | | |
| | | | | | DC250V | 150% of the rated voltage | | |
| | | | C : Nominal Capacitance (pF) | | DC630V, DC1kV | 120% of the rated voltage | | |
| | | I.R. | 1,000MΩ or 50MΩ • μF min. | | | | | |
| | | | (Whichever is smaller) | | | | | |
| 16 | Solvent | Appearance | No defects or abnormalities. | The capacitor should be fully immersed, unagitated, | | | | |
| | Resistance | Marking | Legible | in reagent at 20 to 25°C for 30±5 seconds and then | | | | |
| | | | | remove gently. Marking on the surface of the | | | | |
| | | | | capacitor shall immediately be visually examined. | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Regent : Isopropyl alcohol | | | | |
| * "~~~~ | I | | to 35°C Relative humidity : 45 to 75% Atmo | | | | | |

* "room condition" Temperature : 15 to 35°C, Relative humidity : 45 to 75%, Atmosphere pressure : 86 to 106kPa



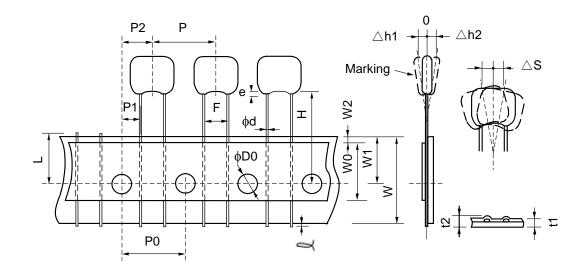


7. Taping specification

7-1. Dimension of capacitors on tape

Straight taping type < Lead Style : E1 >

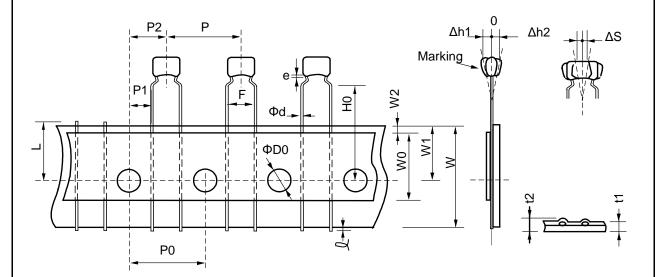
Pitch of component 12.7mm / Lead spacing 5.0mm



Unit : mm

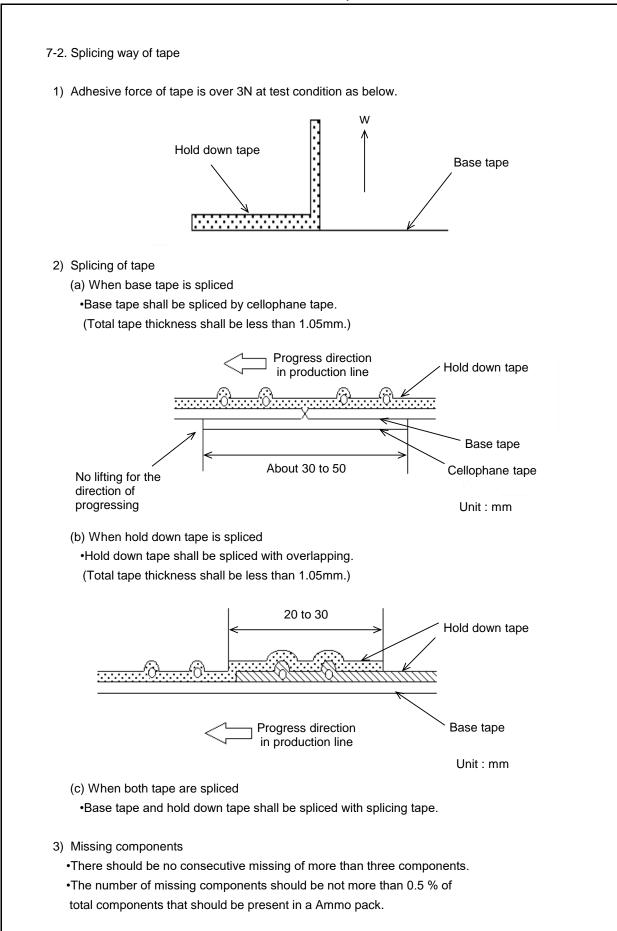
| Item | Code | Dimensions | Remarks | |
|---|------|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Pitch of component | | 12.7+/-1.0 | | |
| Pitch of sprocket hole | | 12.7+/-0.2 | | |
| Lead spacing | F | 5.0+0.6/-0.2 | | |
| Length from hole center to component center | | 6.35+/-1.3 | Deviation of progress direction | |
| Length from hole center to lead | | 3.85+/-0.7 | | |
| Deviation along tape, left or right defect | ΔS | 0+/-2.0 | They include deviation by lead bend | |
| Carrier tape width | W | 18.0+/-0.5 | | |
| Position of sprocket hole | W1 | 9.0+0/-0.5 | Deviation of tape width direction | |
| For straight lead type | Н | 17.5+/-0.5 | | |
| Protrusion length | l | 0.5 max. | | |
| Diameter of sprocket hole | ΦD0 | 4.0+/-0.1 | | |
| Lead diameter | Φd | 0.5+/-0.05 | | |
| Total tape thickness | t1 | 0.6+/-0.3 | They include hold down tape | |
| Total thickness of tape and lead wire | t2 | 1.5 max. | thickness. | |
| Deviation correct tone | ∆h1 | 2.0 max. (Dime | 2.0 max. (Dimension code : U) | |
| Deviation across tape | ∆h2 | 1.0 max. (exce | pt as above) | |
| Portion to cut in case of defect | L | 11.0+0/-1.0 | | |
| Hold down tape width | W0 | 9.5 min. | | |
| Hold down tape position | W2 | 1.5+/-1.5 | | |
| Coating extension on lead | | 2.0 max. (Dimension code : U)1.5 max. (except as above) | | |

Inside crimp taping type < Lead Style : M1 > Pitch of component 12.7mm / Lead spacing 5.0mm



Unit : mm

| Item | Code | Dimensions | Remarks | |
|--|------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Pitch of component | | 12.7+/-1.0 | | |
| Pitch of sprocket hole | | 12.7+/-0.2 | | |
| Lead spacing | | 5.0+0.6/-0.2 | | |
| Length from hole center to component center | | 6.35+/-1.3 | Deviation of progress direction | |
| Length from hole center to lead | | 3.85+/-0.7 | | |
| Deviation along tape, left or right defect | | 0+/-2.0 | They include deviation by lead bend | |
| Carrier tape width | W | 18.0+/-0.5 | | |
| Position of sprocket hole | W1 | 9.0+0/-0.5 | Deviation of tape width direction | |
| Lead distance between reference and bottom plane | HO | 16.0+/-0.5 | | |
| Protrusion length | l | 0.5 max. | | |
| Diameter of sprocket hole | ΦD0 | 4.0+/-0.1 | | |
| Lead diameter | Φd | 0.5+/-0.05 | | |
| Total tape thickness | t1 | 0.6+/-0.3 | They include hold down tape | |
| Total thickness of tape and lead wire | t2 | 1.5 max. | thickness | |
| Deviation agrees tone | ∆h1 | 2.0 max. (Dimension code : W) | | |
| Deviation across tape | ∆h2 | 1.0 max. (except as above) | | |
| Portion to cut in case of defect | L | 11.0+0/-1.0 | | |
| Hold down tape width | W0 | 9.5 min. | | |
| Hold down tape position | W2 | 1.5+/-1.5 | | |
| Coating extension on lead | е | Up to the end of crimp | | |



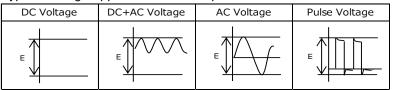
\triangle caution

1. OPERATING VOLTAGE

Do not apply a voltage to the capacitor that exceeds the rated voltage as called out in the specifications.

- 1-1. Applied voltage between the terminals of a capacitor shall be less than or equal to the rated voltage.
- (1) When AC voltage is superimposed on DC voltage, the zero-to-peak voltage shall not exceed the rated DC voltage. When AC voltage or pulse voltage is applied, the peak-to-peak voltage shall not exceed the rated DC voltage.
- (2) Abnormal voltages (surge voltage, static electricity, pulse voltage, etc.) shall not exceed the rated DC voltage.

Typical Voltage Applied to the DC Capacitor



(E: Maximum possible applied voltage.)

1-2. Influence of over voltage

Over voltage that is applied to the capacitor may result in an electrical short circuit caused by the breakdown of the internal dielectric layers. The time duration until breakdown depends on the applied voltage and the ambient temperature.

Use a safety standard certified capacitor in a power supply input circuit (AC filter), as it is also necessary to consider the withstand voltage and impulse withstand voltage defined for each device.

2. OPERATING TEMPERATURE AND SELF-GENERATED HEAT

Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself.

When the capacitor is used in a high-frequency current, pulse current or the like, it may have the selfgenerated heat due to dielectric-loss.

In case of Class 2 capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the condition of atmosphere temperature 25 °C.

Since the self-heating is low in the Class 1 capacitors (Temp.Char.: C0G,U2J,X8G, etc.), the allowable power becomes extremely high compared to the Class 2 capacitors.

However, when a load with self-heating of 20°C is applied at the rated voltage, the allowable power may be exceeded. Please confirm that there is no rising trend of the capacitor's surface temperature and that the surface temperature of the capacitor does not exceed the maximum operating temperature.

Excessive generation of heat may cause deterioration of the characteristics and reliability of the capacitor.

When measuring the self-heating temperature, be aware that accurate measurement may not be possible due to the following effects.

- The heat generated by other parts
- Air flow such as convection and cooling fans
- Temperature sensor used for measuring surface temperature of capacitor In the case using a thermocouple, it is recommended that use a K thermocouple of Φ0.1mm with less heat capacity.

3. FAIL-SAFE

Capacitors that are cracked by dropping or bending of the board may cause deterioration of the insulation resistance, and result in a short.

If the circuit being used may cause an electrical shock, smoke or fire when a capacitor is shorted, be sure to install fail-safe functions, such as a fuse, to prevent secondary accidents.

4. OPERATING AND STORAGE ENVIRONMENT

The insulating coating of capacitors does not form a perfect seal; therefore, do not use or store capacitors in a corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. And avoid exposure to moisture. Before cleaning, bonding, or molding this product, verify that these processes do not affect product quality by testing the performance of a cleaned, bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity do not exceed 5 to 40 °C and 20 to 70%. Use capacitors within 6 months. Use capacitors within 6 months after delivered. Check the solderability after 6 months or more. Due to moisture condensation caused by rapid humidity changes, or the photochemical change caused by direct sunlight on the terminal electrodes, the solderability and electrical performance may deteriorate. Do not store capacitors under direct sunlight or in high humidity conditions.

5. VIBRATION AND IMPACT

Do not expose a capacitor or its leads to excessive shock or vibration during use.

5-1. Mechanical shock due to being dropped may cause damage or a crack in the dielectric material of the capacitor.

Do not use a dropped capacitor because the quality and reliability may be deteriorated.

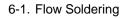
5-2. Excessive shock or vibration may cause to fatigue destruction of lead wires mounted on the circuit board. If necessary, take measures to hold a capacitor on the circuit boards by adhesive, molding resin or coating and other.

Please confirm there is no influence of holding measures on the product with an intended equipment.

6. SOLDERING

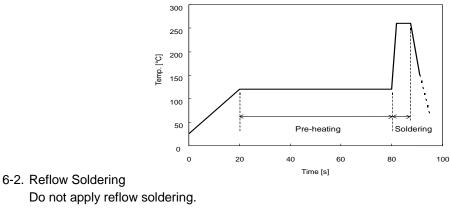
When soldering this product to a PCB/PWB, do not exceed the solder heat resistance specification of the capacitor. Subjecting this product to excessive heating could melt the internal junction solder and may result in thermal shocks that can crack the ceramic element.

Please verify that the soldering process does not affect the quality of capacitors.



Soldering temperature Soldering time Preheating temperature Preheating time : 260 °C max. : 7.5 s max. : 120 °C max. : 60 s max.

[Standard Condition for Flow Soldering]



7. BONDING AND RESIN MOLDING, RESIN COAT

In case of bonding, molding or coating this product, verify that these processes do not affect the quality of capacitor by testing the performance of a bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. In case of the amount of applications, dryness / hardening conditions of adhesives and molding resins containing organic solvents (ethyl acetate, methyl ethyl ketone, toluene, etc.) are unsuitable, the outer coating resin of a capacitor is damaged by the organic solvents and it may result, worst case, in a short circuit.

The variation in thickness of adhesive or molding resin may cause a outer coating resin cracking and/or ceramic element cracking of a capacitor in a temperature cycling.

8. TREATMENT AFTER BONDING AND RESIN MOLDING, RESIN COAT

When the outer coating is hot (over 100 °C) after soldering, it becomes soft and fragile. So please be careful not to give it mechanical stress.

Failure to follow the above cautions may result, worst case, in a short circuit and cause fuming or partial dispersion when the product is used.

9. LIMITATION OF APPLICATIONS

The products listed in the specification(hereinafter the product(s) is called as the "Product(s)") are designed and manufactured for applications specified in the specification. (hereinafter called as the "Specific Application")

We shall not warrant anything in connection with the Products including fitness, performance, adequateness, safety, or quality, in the case of applications listed in from (1) to (11) written at the end of this precautions, which may generally require high performance, function, quality, management of production or safety.

Therefore, the Product shall be applied in compliance with the specific application.

WE DISCLAIM ANY LOSS AND DAMAGES ARISING FROM OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE PRODUCTS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE CASE SUCH LOSS AND DAMAGES CAUSED BY THE UNEXPECTED ACCIDENT, IN EVENT THAT (i) THE PRODUCT IS APPLIED FOR THE PURPOSE WHICH IS NOT SPECIFIED AS THE SPECIFIC APPLICATION FOR THE PRODUCT, AND/OR (ii) THE PRODUCT IS APPLIED FOR ANY FOLLOWING APPLICATION PURPOSES FROM (1) TO (11) (EXCEPT THAT SUCH APPLICATION PURPOSE IS UNAMBIGUOUSLY SPECIFIED AS SPECIFIC APPLICATION FOR THE PRODUCT IN THE SPECIFICATION.*)

- 1. Aircraft equipment
- 2. Aerospace equipment
- 3. Undersea equipment
- 4. Power plant control equipment
- 5. Medical equipment
- 6. Transportation equipment
- 7. Traffic control equipment
- 8. Disaster prevention/security equipment
- 9. Industrial data-processing equipment
- 10. Combustion/explosion control equipment
- 11. Equipment with complexity and/or required reliability equivalent to the applications listed in the above.

For exploring information of the Products which will be compatible with the particular purpose other than those specified in the specification, please contact our sales offices, distribution agents, or trading companies with which you make a deal, or via our web contact form.

Contact form: https://www.murata.com/contactform

*We may design and manufacture particular Products for applications listed in (1) to (11). Provided that, in such case we shall unambiguously specify such Specific Application in the specification without any exception.

Therefore, any other documents and/or performances, whether exist or non-exist, shall not be deemed as the evidence to imply that we accept the applications listed in (1) to (11).

NOTICE

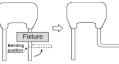
1. CLEANING

- 1-1. Please evaluate the capacitor using actual cleaning equipment and conditions to confirm the quality, and select the solvent for cleaning.
- 1-2. Unsuitable cleaning may leave residual flux or other foreign substances, causing deterioration of electrical characteristics and the reliability of the capacitors.
- 1-3. To perform ultrasonic cleaning, observe the following conditions.
 Rinse bath capacity : Output of 20 watts per liter or less.
 Rinsing time : 5 min maximum.
 Do not vibrate the PCB/PWB directly.
 Excessive ultrasonic cleaning may lead to fatigue destruction of the lead wires.

2. SOLDERING AND MOUNTING

- 2-1. Insert the lead wire into the PCB with a distance appropriate to the lead space. If the lead wires are inserted into different spacing holes, cracks may occur in the outer resin or the internal element.
- 2-2. When bending the lead wire, excessive force applied to the capacitor body may cause cracks in the outer resin or the internal element. Hold the lead wire closer to the capacitor body than the lead wire bending position with the fixture, then bend it.

(See the right figure)



- 2-3. When cutting and clinching the lead wire, do not apply excessive force to the capacitor body.
- 2-4. When soldering, insert the lead wire into the PCB without mechanically stressing the lead wire.

3. CAPACITANCE CHANGE OF CAPACITORS

Class 2 capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L etc.)

Class 2 capacitors an aging characteristic, whereby the capacitor continually decreases its capacitance slightly if the capacitor leaves for a long time. Moreover, capacitance might change greatly depending on a surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. So, it is not likely to be able to use for the time constant circuit.

Please contact us if you need a detail information.

4. CHARACTERISTICS EVALUATION IN THE ACTUAL SYSTEM

- 4-1. Evaluate the capacitor in the actual system, to confirm that there is no problem with the performance and specification values in a finished product before using.
- 4-2. Since a voltage dependency and temperature dependency exists in the capacitance of Class 2 ceramic capacitors, the capacitance may change depending on the operating conditions in the actual system. Therefore, be sure to evaluate the various characteristics, such as the leakage current and noise absorptivity, which will affect the capacitance value of the capacitor.
- 4-3. In addition, voltages exceeding the predetermined surge may be applied to the capacitor by the inductance in the actual system.

Evaluate the surge resistance in the actual system as required.

4-4. When using Class 2 ceramic capacitors in AC or pulse circuits, the capacitor itself vibrates at specific frequencies and noise may be generated. Moreover, when the mechanical vibration or shock is added to capacitor, noise may occur.

- 1. Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- 2. You are requested not to use our product deviating from this product specification.