

Reference Specification

Leaded MLCC for Automotive (Powertrain/Safety) RCE Series

Product specifications in this catalog are as of Apr. 2025, and are subject to change or obsolescence without notice.

Please consult the approval sheet before ordering. Please read rating and Cautions first.

[CONTENTS] ■ Scope ■ Rating ■ Marking ■ Part number list **■** Specification ■ Packing specification ■ Taping specification

1. Scope

This product specification is applied to Leaded MLCC RCE series.

- 1. Specific applications:
- · Automotive powertrain/safety equipment: Products that can be used for automotive equipment related to running, turning, stopping, safety devices, etc., or equipment whose structure, equipment, and performance are legally required to meet technical standards for safety assurance or environmental protection.
- · Automotive infotainment/comfort equipment: Products that can be used for automotive equipment such as car navigation systems and car audio systems that do not directly relate to human life and whose structure, equipment, and performance are not specifically required by law to meet technical standards for safety assurance or environmental protection.
- ·Medial Equipment [GHTF A/B/C] except for Implant Equipment: Products suitable for use in medical devices designated under the GHTF international classifications as Class A or Class B (the functions of which are not directly involved in protection of human life or property) or in medical devices other than implants designated under the GHTF international classifications as Class C (the malfunctioning of which is considered to pose a comparatively high risk to the human body).
- 2.Unsuitable Application: Applications listed in "Limitation of applications" in this product specification. WE DISCLAIM ANY LOSS AND DAMAGES ARISING FROM OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE PRODUCTS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE CASE SUCH LOSS AND DAMAGES CAUSED BY THE UNEXPECTED ACCIDENT,

IN EVENT THAT THE PRODUCT IS APPLIED FOR THE PURPOSE WHICH IS SPECIFIED ABOVE AS THE UNSUITABLE APPLICATION FOR THE PRODUCT.

2. Rating

• Part Number Configuration

ex.)

RCE	R7	2E	105	K	5	B1	H03	В
Series	Temperature	Rated	Capacitance	Capacitance	Dimension	Lead	Individual	Package
	Characteristics	Voltage		Tolerance	(LxW)	Style	Specification	

• Temperature Characteristics

Code	Temp. Char.	Temp. Range	Cap. Change	Standard Temp.	Operating Temp. Range
R7	X7R (EIA code)	-55 ∼ 125°C	+/-15%	25°C	-55 ∼ 125°C

Rated Voltage

Code	Rated voltage
2E	DC250V
2J	DC630V
3A	DC1000V

Capacitance

The first two digits denote significant figures; the last digit denotes the multiplier of 10 in pF. ex.) In case of 105.

 $10 \times 10^5 = 1000000 \text{ pF}$

Capacitance Tolerance

٦		
	Code	Capacitance Tolerance
	K	+/-10%

• Dimension (LxW)

Please refer to [Part number list].

• Lead Style

*Lead wire is "solder coated CP wire".

Code	Lead Style	Lead spacing (mm)
B1	Straight type	5.0+/-0.8
E1	Straight taping type	5.0+0.6/-0.2
K1	Inside crimp type	5.0+/-0.8
M1	Inside crimp taping type	5.0+0.6/-0.2

• Individual Specification

Murata's control code.

Please refer to [Part number list].

Package

· <u></u>	
Code	Package
Α	Taping type of Ammo
В	Bulk type

3. Marking

Temp. char. : Letter code : C (X7R char. Except dimension code : 1)

Capacitance : 3 digit numbers

Capacitance tolerance : Code

Rated voltage : Letter code : 4 (DC250V. Except dimension code : 1)

Letter code: 7 (DC630V) Letter code: A (DC1000V)

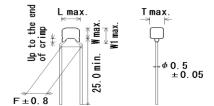
Company name code : Abbreviation : (Except dimension code : 1)

(Ex.)

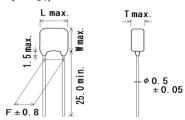
Rated voltage Dimension code	DC250V	DC630V	DC1000V
1	103K		
2	€ 473 K4C	€ 153 € K7C	(M) 102 KAC
3,4	6 224 K4C	(4 104 K7C	€ 333 KAC
5	6 105 K4C	224 M7C	104 KAC

4. Part number list

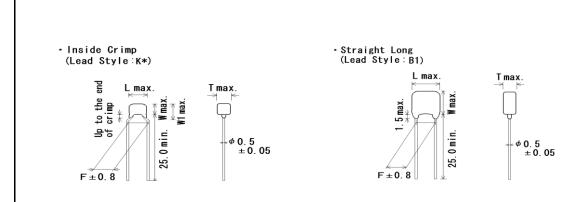
 Inside Crimp (Lead Style:K*)



•Straight Long (Lead Style: B1)

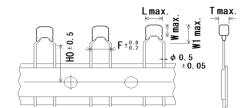


Customer	Murata Part Number	T.C.	DC Rated	Cap.	Сар.		Dime	ension (mm)		Dimension (LxW)	Pac
Part Number	Wurata Fait Number	1.0.	Volt. (V)	Оар.	Tol.	L	W	W1	F	Т	Lead Style	
	RCER72E102K1K1H03B	X7R	250	1000pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	50
	RCER72E152K1K1H03B	X7R	250	1500pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	50
	RCER72E222K1K1H03B	X7R	250	2200pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	50
	RCER72E332K1K1H03B	X7R	250	3300pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	50
	RCER72E472K1K1H03B	X7R	250	4700pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	50
	RCER72E682K1K1H03B	X7R	250	6800pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCER72E103K1K1H03B	X7R	250	10000pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCER72E153K1K1H03B	X7R	250	15000pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCER72E223K1K1H03B	X7R	250	22000pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCER72E333K2K1H03B	X7R	250	33000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RCER72E473K2K1H03B	X7R	250	47000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RCER72E683K2K1H03B	X7R	250	68000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RCER72E104K2K1H03B	X7R	250	0.10µF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RCER72E154K3K1H03B	X7R	250	0.15µF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	3K1	5
	RCER72E224K3K1H03B	X7R	250	0.22µF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	3K1	5
	RCER72E334K4K1H03B	X7R	250	0.33µF	±10%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	4K1	5
	RCER72E474K4K1H03B	X7R	250	0.47µF	±10%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	4K1	5
	RCER72E684K5B1H03B	X7R	250	0.68µF	±10%	7.5	7.5	-	5.0	4.0	5B1	5
	RCER72E105K5B1H03B	X7R	250	1.0µF	±10%	7.5	7.5	-	5.0	4.0	5B1	5
	RCER72J102K2K1H03B	X7R	630	1000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RCER72J152K2K1H03B	X7R	630	1500pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RCER72J222K2K1H03B	X7R	630	2200pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RCER72J332K2K1H03B	X7R	630	3300pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RCER72J472K2K1H03B	X7R	630	4700pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RCER72J682K2K1H03B	X7R	630	6800pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RCER72J103K2K1H03B	X7R	630	10000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RCER72J153K2K1H03B	X7R	630	15000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RCER72J223K2K1H03B	X7R	630	22000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RCER72J333K3K1H03B	X7R	630	33000pF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	3K1	5
	RCER72J473K3K1H03B	X7R	630	47000pF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	3K1	5
	RCER72J683K4K1H03B	X7R	630	68000pF	±10%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	4K1	5
	RCER72J104K4K1H03B	X7R	630	0.10µF	±10%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	4K1	5
	RCER72J154K5B1H03B	X7R	630	0.15µF	±10%	7.5	8.0	-	5.0	4.0	5B1	5
	RCER72J224K5B1H03B	X7R	630	0.22µF	±10%	7.5	8.0	-	5.0	4.0	5B1	5
	RCER73A102K2K1H03B	X7R	1000	1000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RCER73A152K2K1H03B	X7R	1000	1500pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RCER73A222K2K1H03B	X7R	1000	2200pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RCER73A332K2K1H03B	X7R	1000	3300pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RCER73A472K2K1H03B	X7R	1000	4700pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15		5
	RCER73A682K2K1H03B	X7R	1000	6800pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15		5

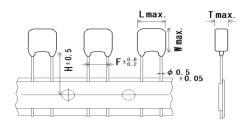


Customer	Murata Part Number T.C. Rated Cap. Cap.			Dime		Dimension (LxW)	Pack qty.					
Part Number	Wurata Part Number 1.C. Volt. (V)		Сар.	Tol.	L	W	W1	F	Т	Lead Style		
	RCER73A103K2K1H03B	X7R	1000	10000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RCER73A153K3K1H03B	X7R	1000	15000pF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	3K1	500
	RCER73A223K3K1H03B	X7R	1000	22000pF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	3K1	500
	RCER73A333K4K1H03B	X7R	1000	33000pF	±10%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	4K1	500
	RCER73A473K4K1H03B	X7R	1000	47000pF	±10%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	4K1	500
	RCER73A683K5B1H03B	X7R	1000	68000pF	±10%	7.5	8.0	-	5.0	4.0	5B1	500
	RCER73A104K5B1H03B	X7R	1000	0.10µF	±10%	7.5	8.0	-	5.0	4.0	5B1	500

Inside Crimp Taping (Lead Style: M*)

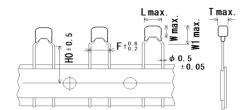


•Straight Taping (Lead Style:E*)

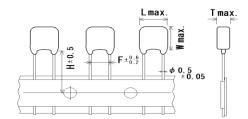


						_			Offic Hilli				
Customer	Murata Part Number	T.C.	DC Rated	Cap.	Cap.		Di	imensi	on (mr	n)		Dimension (LxW)	Pac qty
Part Number	marata i arcinambor	1.0.	Volt. (V)	33.	Tol.	L	W	W1	F	Т	H/H0	Lead Style	
	RCER72E102K1M1H03A	X7R	250	1000pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	200
	RCER72E152K1M1H03A	X7R	250	1500pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	200
	RCER72E222K1M1H03A	X7R	250	2200pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	200
	RCER72E332K1M1H03A	X7R	250	3300pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	200
	RCER72E472K1M1H03A	X7R	250	4700pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	200
	RCER72E682K1M1H03A	X7R	250	6800pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCER72E103K1M1H03A	X7R	250	10000pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCER72E153K1M1H03A	X7R	250	15000pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCER72E223K1M1H03A	X7R	250	22000pF	±10%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCER72E333K2M1H03A	X7R	250	33000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RCER72E473K2M1H03A	X7R	250	47000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RCER72E683K2M1H03A	X7R	250	68000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RCER72E104K2M1H03A	X7R	250	0.10µF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RCER72E154K3M1H03A	X7R	250	0.15µF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	16.0	3M1	20
	RCER72E224K3M1H03A	X7R	250	0.22µF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	16.0	3M1	20
	RCER72E334K4M1H03A	X7R	250	0.33µF	±10%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	16.0	4M1	15
	RCER72E474K4M1H03A	X7R	250	0.47µF	±10%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	16.0	4M1	15
	RCER72E684K5E1H03A	X7R	250	0.68µF	±10%	7.5	7.5	-	5.0	4.0	17.5	5E1	15
	RCER72E105K5E1H03A	X7R	250	1.0µF	±10%	7.5	7.5	-	5.0	4.0	17.5	5E1	15
	RCER72J102K2M1H03A	X7R	630	1000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RCER72J152K2M1H03A	X7R	630	1500pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RCER72J222K2M1H03A	X7R	630	2200pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RCER72J332K2M1H03A	X7R	630	3300pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RCER72J472K2M1H03A	X7R	630	4700pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RCER72J682K2M1H03A	X7R	630	6800pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RCER72J103K2M1H03A	X7R	630	10000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RCER72J153K2M1H03A	X7R	630	15000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RCER72J223K2M1H03A	X7R	630	22000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20
	RCER72J333K3M1H03A	X7R	630	33000pF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	16.0	3M1	20
	RCER72J473K3M1H03A	X7R	630	47000pF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	16.0	3M1	20
	RCER72J683K4M1H03A	X7R	630	68000pF	±10%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	16.0	4M1	15
	RCER72J104K4M1H03A	X7R	630	0.10µF	±10%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	16.0	4M1	15
	RCER72J154K5E1H03A	X7R	630	0.15µF	±10%	7.5	8.0	-	5.0	4.0	17.5	5E1	15
	RCER72J224K5E1H03A	X7R		0.22µF	±10%	7.5	8.0	_	5.0		17.5		15
	RCER73A102K2M1H03A	X7R	1000	1000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0				20
	RCER73A152K2M1H03A	X7R	1000	1500pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0				20
	RCER73A222K2M1H03A	X7R	1000	2200pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0				20
	RCER73A332K2M1H03A	X7R	1000	3300pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0				20
	RCER73A332K2M1H03A	X7R	1000	4700pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0		16.0		20
	NGEN/3A4/2NZWITHU3A	7/K	1000	4100pF	±10 %	ე.ე	4.0	0.0	ა.0	3.13	10.0	∠IVI I	20

 Inside Crimp Taping (Lead Style: M*)



•Straight Taping (Lead Style:E*)



Unit: mm

Customer	Murata Part Number	T.C.	DC Rated	Cap.	Сар.		D		Dimension (LxW)				
Part Number	wurata i att Number	1.0.	Volt. (V)	Сар.	Tol.	L	W	W1	F	Т	H/H0	Lead Style	qty. (pcs)
	RCER73A103K2M1H03A	X7R	1000	10000pF	±10%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RCER73A153K3M1H03A	X7R	1000	15000pF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	16.0	3M1	2000
	RCER73A223K3M1H03A	X7R	1000	22000pF	±10%	5.5	5.0	7.5	5.0	4.0	16.0	3M1	2000
	RCER73A333K4M1H03A	X7R	1000	33000pF	±10%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	16.0	4M1	1500
	RCER73A473K4M1H03A	X7R	1000	47000pF	±10%	7.5	5.5	8.0	5.0	4.0	16.0	4M1	1500
	RCER73A683K5E1H03A	X7R	1000	68000pF	±10%	7.5	8.0	-	5.0	4.0	17.5	5E1	1500
	RCER73A104K5E1H03A	X7R	1000	0.10µF	±10%	7.5	8.0	-	5.0	4.0	17.5	5E1	1500

PNLIST

5. Spe	. Specification									
No.	Test	t Item	Specification	Test Method (Compliant Standard:AEC-Q200)						
1	Pre-and Post-S	Stress		·						
L	Electrical Test	<u>t</u>								
2	High	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	Sit the capacitor for 1000±12h at 150±3°C. Let sit for 24±2h at,						
	Temperature	Capacitance	within ±12.5%	*room condition then measure.						
	Exposure	Change								
	(Storage)	D.F.	0.04 max.	•Pretreatment						
		I.R.	More than 1,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF	Perform the heat treatment at 150+0/-10°C for 60±5 min and						
			(Whichever is smaller)	then let sit for 24±2 h at *room condition.						
3	Temperature	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	Perform the 1000 cycles according to the four heat treatments						
	Cycling	Capacitance	within ±12.5%	listed in the following table. Let sit for 24±2 h at *room condition,						
		Change	0.05	then measure.						
		D.F.	0.05 max.	Step 1 2 3 4						
		I.R.	1,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min.	Temp55+0/-3 Room 125+3/-0 Room						
			(Whichever is smaller)	(°C) Temp. Temp.						
				Time (min.) 15±3 1 15±3 1						
				•Pretreatment						
				Perform the heat treatment at 150+0/-10°C for 60±5 min and						
				then let sit for 24±2 h at *room condition.						
4	Moisture	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities	Apply the 24h heat (25 to 65°C) and humidity (80 to 98%)						
-	Resistance	Capacitance	within ±12.5%	treatment shown below, 10 consecutive times.						
	coistaii66	Change		Let sit for 24±2 h at *room condition, then measure.						
		D.F.	0.05 max.	Liveriality Liveriality						
		I.R.	500MΩ or 25MΩ·μF min.	Humidity 80~98% Humidity 80~98% Humidity						
		l	(Whichever is smaller)	70 90~98% \$ 90~98%						
			<u> </u>	65 60						
				55						
				<u>@</u> 50						
				950 mg45 0440 g35						
				\$40 \$35						
				30 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1						
				25 15 +10						
				20 15						
				10 Initial measurement						
				5						
				0 -5						
				-10 One cycle 24 hours						
				One cycle 24 nours 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24						
				0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 Hours						
				•Pretreatment						
				Perform the heat treatment at 150+0/-10°C for 60±5 min and						
				then let sit for 24±2 h at *room condition.						
5	Biased	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities	Apply the rated voltage and DC1.3+0.2/-0V (add 100kΩ resistor)						
	Humidity	Capacitance	within ±12.5%	at 85±3°C and 80 to 85% humidity for 1000±12h.						
		Change		Remove and let sit for 24±2 h at *room condition, then measure.						
		D.F.	0.05 max.	The charge/discharge current is less than 50mA.						
		I.R.	500MΩ or 25MΩ·μF min.							
			(Whichever is smaller)	•Pretreatment						
				Perform the heat treatment at 150+0/-10°C for 60±5 min and						
				then let sit for 24±2 h at *room condition.						
6	Operational	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities	Apply voltage in Table for 1000±12h at 125±3°C.						
	Life	Capacitance	within ±12.5%	Let sit for 24±2 h at *room condition, then measure.						
		Change		The charge/discharge current is less than 50mA.						
		D.F.	0.04 max.	•Pretreatment						
		I.R.	1,000M Ω or 50M Ω ·μF min.	Apply test voltage for 60±5 min at test temperature.						
1			(Whichever is smaller)	Remove and let sit for 24±2 h at *room condition.						
				Rated Voltage Test Voltage						
				DC250V 150% of the rated voltage						
				DC630V 120% of the rated voltage						
				DC1000V 110% of the rated voltage						
7	External Visua	l	No defects or abnormalities.	Visual inspection.						
8	Physical Dimer	nsion	Within the specified dimensions.	Using calipers and micrometers.						
9	Marking		To be easily legible.	Visual inspection.						
		emperature : 15	to 35°C, Relative humidity : 45 to 75%, Atmo-	sphere pressure : 86 to 106kPa						
ESRC	E03D									

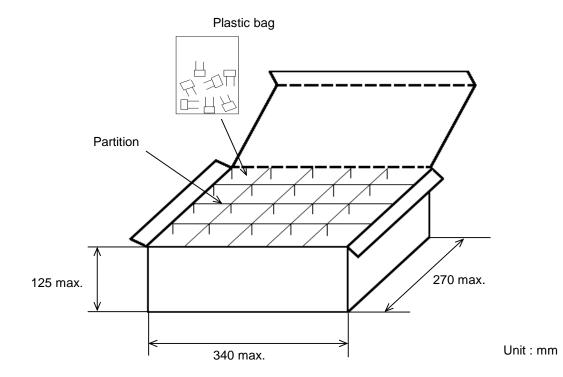
0.	Tes	t Item	Specification	1	Test Method (Cor	mpliant Standard	1-AFC-Q2001			
10.	Resistance Appearance		No defects or abnormalities.		,	mpilarit Otaridare	(LO QLOO)			
	to Solvents	Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance.	Per MIL-STD-202 Method 215 Solvent 1 : 1 part (by yolume) of isopropyl alcohol						
	to Solvents	D.F.	0.025 max.	Solvent 1 : 1 part (by volume) of isopropyl alcohol 3 parts (by volume) of mineral spirits						
		I.R.	More than 10,000MΩ or 500 MΩ∙μF			or mineral spints				
		I.K.	· ·	Solvent 2 : Terpene defluxer Solvent 3 : 42 parts (by volume) of water						
			(Whichever is smaller)	· ·						
					art (by volume) of	f propylene glyco)I			
					nomethyl ether					
					1 part (by volume) of monoethanolamine					
11	Mechanical	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	Three shocks in			-			
	Shock	Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance.	mutually perpend	dicular axes of the	e test specimen	(18 shocks).			
		D.F.	0.025 max.	The specified tes	t pulse should be	e Half-sine and s	hould have a			
				duration: 0.5ms, peak value: 1500G and velocity change: 4.7m/s.						
12	Vibration	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	The capacitor should be subjected to a simple harmonic motion having a total amplitude of 1.5mm, the frequency being varied						
		Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance.							
		D.F.	0.025 max.	uniformly between the approximate limits of 10 and 2,000Hz.						
				The frequency range, from 10 to 2000Hz and return to 10Hz,						
				should be travers	should be traversed in approximately 20 min. This motion					
				should be applied	d for 12 items in	each 3 mutually	perpendicular			
				directions (total o	of 36 times).					
3-1	Resistance	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	The lead wires sh		ed in the melted	solder 1.5 to			
•	to Soldering	Capacitance	Within ±7.5%	2.0mm from the						
	Heat	Change								
	(Non-	Dielectric	No defects	• Pre-treatment Capacitor should be stored, at 150+0/-10°C for one						
	Preheat)	Strength	140 0010013							
	i iciical)	, ,		· ·	Capacitor should be stored at 150+0/-10°C for one hour, then place at *room condition for 24±2 hours before initial					
		(Between			at room condition	on for 24±2 nour	s before initial			
		terminals)		measurement.						
				Post-treatment						
				Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hours at *room condition.						
3-2	Resistance	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	First the capacitor should be stored at 120+0/-5°C for 60+0/-5 seconds.						
	to Soldering	Capacitance	Within ±7.5%	Then, the lead wi	ires should be im	mersed in the m	elted solder 1.5 t	to		
	Heat	Change		2.0mm from the I	root of terminal a	t 260±5°C for 7.	5+0/-1 seconds.			
	(On-	Dielectric	No defects							
	Preheat)	Strength		 Pre-treatment 						
		(Between		Capacitor should	be stored at 15	0+0/-10°C for or	ne hour, then place	ce at		
		terminals)		*room condition f	or 24±2 hours be	efore initial meas	urement.			
				 Post-treatment 						
				Capacitor should	be stored for 24	4±2 hours at *roo	om condition.			
3-3	Resistance	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	Test condition						
	to Soldering	Capacitance	Within ±7.5%	Termperature of iron-tip: 350±10°C Soldering time: 3.5±0.5 seconds Soldering position Straight Lead: 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal.						
	Heat	Change								
	(soldering	Dielectric	No defects							
	iron method)	Strength	140 delects							
	iion memou)	, ,		ŭ						
		(Between		Cillip Lead :	1.5 to 2.0mm fro	iii uie eilu oi lea	u Deliu.			
		terminals)		. Dec to						
				Pre-treatment						
					Capacitor should be stored at 150+0/-10°C for one hour, then place at *room condition for 24±2 hours before initial measurement.					
					or 24±2 hours be	erore initial meas	urement.			
				Post-treatment						
		ļ		-	Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hours at *room condition.					
14	Thermal Shock	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.		Perform the 300 cycles according to the two heat treatments listed in					
		Capacitance	within ±12.5%	the following table	`	sfer time is 20s.). Let sit for 24±2	2 h at		
		Change		*room condition,	then measure.					
		D.F.	0.05 max.		Step	1	2			
		I.R.	1,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min.		Temp.					
			(Whichever is smaller)		(°C)	-55+0/-3	125+3/-0			
					Time	15±3	15±3			
					(min)	1525				
				•Pretreatment	(min.)	13.23				
				•Pretreatment			+5 min and			
				Perform the heat	treatment at 150)+0/-10°C for 60	±5 min and			
45	F00	Anne	No defeate on the country	Perform the heat then let sit for 24:	treatment at 150 ±2 h at *room co)+0/-10°C for 60	±5 min and			
15	ESD	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities	Perform the heat	treatment at 150 ±2 h at *room co)+0/-10°C for 60	±5 min and			
15	ESD	Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance	Perform the heat then let sit for 24:	treatment at 150 ±2 h at *room co)+0/-10°C for 60	±5 min and			
15	ESD	Capacitance D.F.	Within the specified tolerance 0.025 max.	Perform the heat then let sit for 24:	treatment at 150 ±2 h at *room co)+0/-10°C for 60	±5 min and			
15	ESD	Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance	Perform the heat then let sit for 24:	treatment at 150 ±2 h at *room co)+0/-10°C for 60	±5 min and			

0.	Tes	t Item		Specification	Test Method (Compliant Standard:AEC-Q			Q200)		
6	Solderability		Lead wire should be soldered with uniform		Should be placed into steam aging for 8h±15 min.					
	Colderability		coating on the axial direction over 95% of		The terminal of capacitor is dipped into a solution of rosin					
			_	erential direction.	ethanol (25% rosin in weight propotion).					
						= : :				
					Immerse in solder solution for 2±0.5 seconds. In both cases the depth of dipping is up to about 1.5 to 2mm from					
							s up to about 1.5 to	211111 110111		
					the termina	•	0.50 \			
					Temp. of so	der : 245±5°C (Sn-3.0A	g-0.5Cu)			
17	Electrical Apperance		No defects or abnormalities.		Visual inspe	ction.				
	Characte-	Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance.			nce/D.F. should be me	asured at 25°C at t	he frequency		
	rization	D.F.	0.025 max.		and voltage shown in the table.					
						Frequency	Voltage			
						1±0.1kHz	1±0.2V(r.m.s.)			
		I.R.	Between	10,000MΩ or 100MΩ•μF min.	The insulati	n resistance should be	measured with DC	500V		
			Terminals	(Whichever is smaller)	(DC250V in	case of rated voltage: [DC250V) at 25 °C v	vithin 2 min.		
					of charging	_				
		Dielectric	Between No defects or abnormalities			r should not be damage	ed when voltage in	Table is		
		Strength	Terminals		The capacitor should not be damaged when voltage inTable is applied between the terminations for 1 to 5 seconds. (Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA.)					
		July								
					(Onlarge/Dis					
						Rated Voltage	Test Voltage			
						DC250V 2009	6 of the rated volta	ge		
						DC630V 1509	6 of the rated volta	ge		
						DC1000V 1209	6 of the rated volta	ge		
			Tarminal							
			Terminal To	No defects or abnormalities		r is placed in a contain				
			External		diameter so that each terminal, short-circuit is kept approximately					
			Resin		2mm from the balls, and 200% of the rated DC voltage(DC1300V					
					in case of rated voltage: DC630V,DC1000V) is impressed for 1 to 5 seconds between capacitor terminals and metal balls.					
					(Charge/Discharge current ≤ 50mA.)					
18	Terminal	Tensile	Termination	not to be broken or loosened.	As in the figure, fix the capacitor body, apply the force gradually					
	Strength Strength				to each lead in the radial direction of the capacitor until reaching					
					10N and then keep the force applied for 10±1 seconds.					
					<u> </u>					
					ˈ dz					
	Bending		Termination not to be broken or loosened.		Each lead wire should be subjected to a force of 2.5N and then					
		Strength				at the point of egress in				
		J.			then returne	to the original position	and bent 90° in the	e opposite		
					direction at the rate of one bend per 2 to 3 seconds.					
19	Capacitance	1	Within ±15%		The capacitance change should be measured after 5min. at					
	Temperature				· ·	ed temperature step.	cacarea anter offi	ut		
	Characteristics	3			odon apcoll					
	5	-					erature(°C)			
							25±2			
						2 -	55±3			
						3 2	25±2			
						4 1	25±3			
						5 2	25±2			
					_	of capacitance change of	•			
					25°C value	ver the temperature rai	nges shown in the t	able		
					should be w	thin the specified range	s.			
					•Pretreatme	nt				
					Perform the	heat treatment at 150+0	0/-10°C for 60±5 mi	n and		
					then let sit f	r 24±2 h at *room cond	ition.			
								Perform the initial measurement.		

6. Packing specification

·Bulk type (Package : B)

The size of packing case and packing way



The number of packing = *1 Packing quantity × *2 n

*1 : Please refer to [Part number list].

*2 : Standard n = 20 (bag)

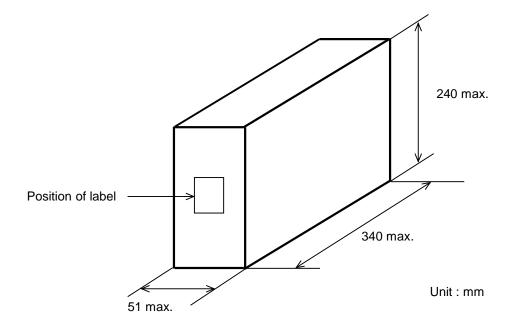
Note)

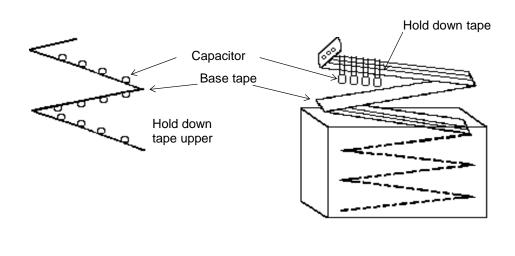
The outer package and the number of outer packing be changed by the order getting amount.

JKBCRPE02B

- •Ammo pack taping type (Package : A)
 - \cdot The tape with capacitors is packed zigzag into a case.
 - There should be 3 pitches and over without capacitors in leader and trailer.

The size of packing case and packing way



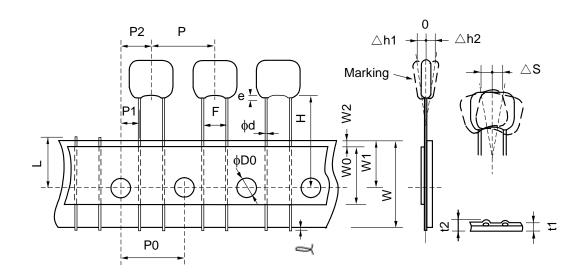


7. Taping specification

7-1. Dimension of capacitors on tape

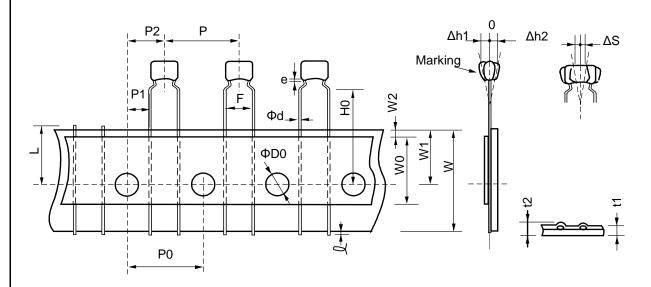
Straight taping type < Lead Style : E1 >

Pitch of component 12.7mm / Lead spacing 5.0mm



Item	Code	Dimensions	Remarks
Pitch of component		12.7+/-1.0	
Pitch of sprocket hole		12.7+/-0.2	
Lead spacing		5.0+0.6/-0.2	
Length from hole center to component center		6.35+/-1.3	Deviation of progress direction
Length from hole center to lead	P1	3.85+/-0.7	
Deviation along tape, left or right defect	ΔS	0+/-2.0	They include deviation by lead bend
Carrier tape width	W	18.0+/-0.5	
Position of sprocket hole	W1	9.0+0/-0.5	Deviation of tape width direction
For straight lead type	Н	17.5+/-0.5	
Protrusion length	l	0.5 max.	
Diameter of sprocket hole	ФD0	4.0+/-0.1	
Lead diameter	Фd	0.5+/-0.05	
Total tape thickness	t1	0.6+/-0.3	They include hold down tape
Total thickness of tape and lead wire	t2	1.5 max.	thickness.
Deviation across tape	∆h1	2.0 max. (Dimension code : U)	
Deviation across tape	∆h2	1.0 max. (except as above)	
Portion to cut in case of defect	L	11.0+0/-1.0	
Hold down tape width	W0	9.5 min.	
Hold down tape position	W2	1.5+/-1.5	
Coating extension on lead		2.0 max. (Dimension code : U) 1.5 max. (except as above)	

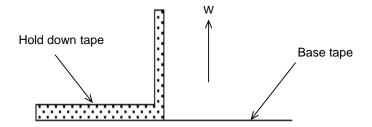
Inside crimp taping type < Lead Style : M1 > Pitch of component 12.7mm / Lead spacing 5.0mm



Item		Dimensions	Remarks	
Pitch of component		12.7+/-1.0		
Pitch of sprocket hole		12.7+/-0.2		
Lead spacing	F	5.0+0.6/-0.2		
Length from hole center to component center		6.35+/-1.3	Deviation of progress direction	
Length from hole center to lead	P1	3.85+/-0.7		
Deviation along tape, left or right defect	ΔS	0+/-2.0	They include deviation by lead bend	
Carrier tape width	W	18.0+/-0.5		
Position of sprocket hole	W1	9.0+0/-0.5	Deviation of tape width direction	
Lead distance between reference and bottom plane	H0	16.0+/-0.5		
Protrusion length	l	0.5 max.		
Diameter of sprocket hole	ФD0	4.0+/-0.1		
Lead diameter	Фd	0.5+/-0.05		
Total tape thickness	t1	0.6+/-0.3	They include hold down tape	
Total thickness of tape and lead wire	t2	1.5 max.	thickness	
Deviation agrees tand	∆h1	2.0 max. (Di	mension code : W)	
Deviation across tape	∆ h2	1.0 max. (except as above)		
Portion to cut in case of defect	L	11.0+0/-1.0		
Hold down tape width	W0	9.5 min.		
Hold down tape position	W2	1.5+/-1.5		
Coating extension on lead		Up to the end of	crimp	

7-2. Splicing way of tape

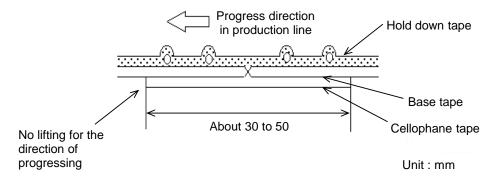
1) Adhesive force of tape is over 3N at test condition as below.



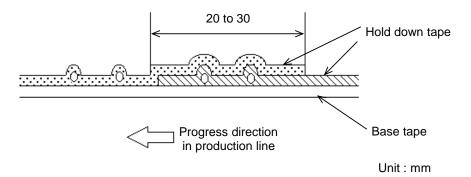
2) Splicing of tape

- (a) When base tape is spliced
 - •Base tape shall be spliced by cellophane tape.

(Total tape thickness shall be less than 1.05mm.)



- (b) When hold down tape is spliced
- •Hold down tape shall be spliced with overlapping. (Total tape thickness shall be less than 1.05mm.)



- (c) When both tape are spliced
 - •Base tape and hold down tape shall be spliced with splicing tape.
- 3) Missing components
 - •There should be no consecutive missing of more than three components.
 - ullet The number of missing components should be not more than 0.5 % of total components that should be present in a Ammo pack.

⚠ CAUTION

1. OPERATING VOLTAGE

Do not apply a voltage to the capacitor that exceeds the rated voltage as called out in the specifications.

- 1-1. Applied voltage between the terminals of a capacitor shall be less than or equal to the rated voltage.
- (1) When AC voltage is superimposed on DC voltage, the zero-to-peak voltage shall not exceed the rated DC voltage. When AC voltage or pulse voltage is applied, the peak-to-peak voltage shall not exceed the rated DC voltage.
- (2) Abnormal voltages (surge voltage, static electricity, pulse voltage, etc.) shall not exceed the rated DC voltage.

Typical Voltage Applied to the DC Capacitor

DC Voltage	DC+AC Voltage	AC Voltage	Pulse Voltage	
E	E	E	E	

(E: Maximum possible applied voltage.)

1-2. Influence of over voltage

Over voltage that is applied to the capacitor may result in an electrical short circuit caused by the breakdown of the internal dielectric layers. The time duration until breakdown depends on the applied voltage and the ambient temperature.

Use a safety standard certified capacitor in a power supply input circuit (AC filter), as it is also necessary to consider the withstand voltage and impulse withstand voltage defined for each device.

2. OPERATING TEMPERATURE AND SELF-GENERATED HEAT

Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself.

When the capacitor is used in a high-frequency current, pulse current or the like, it may have the self-generated heat due to dielectric-loss.

In case of Class 2 capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on the condition of atmosphere temperature 25 °C.

Since the self-heating is low in the Class 1 capacitors (Temp.Char.: C0G,U2J,X8G, etc.), the allowable power becomes extremely high compared to the Class 2 capacitors.

However, when a load with self-heating of 20°C is applied at the rated voltage, the allowable power may be exceeded. Please confirm that there is no rising trend of the capacitor's surface temperature and that the surface temperature of the capacitor does not exceed the maximum operating temperature.

Excessive generation of heat may cause deterioration of the characteristics and reliability of the capacitor.

When measuring the self-heating temperature, be aware that accurate measurement may not be possible due to the following effects.

- The heat generated by other parts
- · Air flow such as convection and cooling fans
- Temperature sensor used for measuring surface temperature of capacitor
 In the case using a thermocouple, it is recommended that use a K thermocouple of Φ0.1mm with less heat capacity.

3. FAIL-SAFE

Capacitors that are cracked by dropping or bending of the board may cause deterioration of the insulation resistance, and result in a short.

If the circuit being used may cause an electrical shock, smoke or fire when a capacitor is shorted, be sure to install fail-safe functions, such as a fuse, to prevent secondary accidents.

4. OPERATING AND STORAGE ENVIRONMENT

The insulating coating of capacitors does not form a perfect seal; therefore, do not use or store capacitors in a corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. And avoid exposure to moisture. Before cleaning, bonding, or molding this product, verify that these processes do not affect product quality by testing the performance of a cleaned, bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity do not exceed 5 to 40 °C and 20 to 70%. Use capacitors within 6 months.

Use capacitors within 6 months after delivered. Check the solderability after 6 months or more. Due to moisture condensation caused by rapid humidity changes, or the photochemical change caused by direct sunlight on the terminal electrodes, the solderability and electrical performance may deteriorate. Do not store capacitors under direct sunlight or in high humidity conditions.

5. VIBRATION AND IMPACT

Do not expose a capacitor or its leads to excessive shock or vibration during use.

- 5-1. Mechanical shock due to being dropped may cause damage or a crack in the dielectric material of the capacitor.
 - Do not use a dropped capacitor because the quality and reliability may be deteriorated.
- 5-2. Excessive shock or vibration may cause to fatigue destruction of lead wires mounted on the circuit board. If necessary, take measures to hold a capacitor on the circuit boards by adhesive, molding resin or coating and other.
 - Please confirm there is no influence of holding measures on the product with an intended equipment.

6. SOLDERING

When soldering this product to a PCB/PWB, do not exceed the solder heat resistance specification of the capacitor. Subjecting this product to excessive heating could melt the internal junction solder and may result in thermal shocks that can crack the ceramic element.

Please verify that the soldering process does not affect the quality of capacitors.

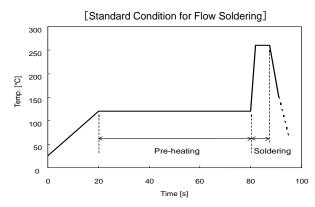
6-1. Flow Soldering

Soldering temperature : 260 °C max.

Soldering time : 7.5 s max.

Preheating temperature : 120 °C max.

Preheating time : 60 s max.



6-2. Reflow Soldering

Do not apply reflow soldering.

6-3. Soldering Iron

Temperature of iron-tip : 350 °C max.
Soldering iron wattage : 60 W max.
Soldering time : 3.5 s max.

7. BONDING AND RESIN MOLDING, RESIN COAT

In case of bonding, molding or coating this product, verify that these processes do not affect the quality of capacitor by testing the performance of a bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. In case of the amount of applications, dryness / hardening conditions of adhesives and molding resins containing organic solvents (ethyl acetate, methyl ethyl ketone, toluene, etc.) are unsuitable, the outer coating resin of a capacitor is damaged by the organic solvents and it may result, worst case, in a short circuit.

The variation in thickness of adhesive or molding resin may cause a outer coating resin cracking and/or ceramic element cracking of a capacitor in a temperature cycling.

8. TREATMENT AFTER BONDING AND RESIN MOLDING, RESIN COAT

When the outer coating is hot (over 100 °C) after soldering, it becomes soft and fragile.

So please be careful not to give it mechanical stress.

Failure to follow the above cautions may result, worst case, in a short circuit and cause fuming or partial dispersion when the product is used.

9. LIMITATION OF APPLICATIONS

The products listed in the specification(hereinafter the product(s) is called as the "Product(s)") are designed and manufactured for applications specified in the specification. (hereinafter called as the "Specific Application")

We shall not warrant anything in connection with the Products including fitness, performance, adequateness, safety, or quality, in the case of applications listed in from (1) to (11) written at the end of this precautions, which may generally require high performance, function, quality, management of production or safety.

Therefore, the Product shall be applied in compliance with the specific application.

WE DISCLAIM ANY LOSS AND DAMAGES ARISING FROM OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE PRODUCTS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE CASE SUCH LOSS AND DAMAGES CAUSED BY THE UNEXPECTED ACCIDENT, IN EVENT THAT (i) THE PRODUCT IS APPLIED FOR THE PURPOSE WHICH IS NOT SPECIFIED AS THE SPECIFIC APPLICATION FOR THE PRODUCT, AND/OR (ii) THE PRODUCT IS APPLIED FOR ANY FOLLOWING APPLICATION PURPOSES FROM (1) TO (11) (EXCEPT THAT SUCH APPLICATION PURPOSE IS UNAMBIGUOUSLY SPECIFIED AS SPECIFIC APPLICATION FOR THE PRODUCT IN THE SPECIFICATION.*)

- 1. Aircraft equipment
- 2. Aerospace equipment
- 3. Undersea equipment
- 4. Power plant control equipment
- 5. Medical equipment
- 6. Transportation equipment
- 7. Traffic control equipment
- 8. Disaster prevention/security equipment
- 9. Industrial data-processing equipment
- 10. Combustion/explosion control equipment
- 11. Equipment with complexity and/or required reliability equivalent to the applications listed in the above.

For exploring information of the Products which will be compatible with the particular purpose other than those specified in the specification, please contact our sales offices, distribution agents, or trading companies with which you make a deal, or via our web contact form.

Contact form: https://www.murata.com/contactform

*We may design and manufacture particular Products for applications listed in (1) to (11). Provided that, in such case we shall unambiguously specify such Specific Application in the specification without any exception.

Therefore, any other documents and/or performances, whether exist or non-exist, shall not be deemed as the evidence to imply that we accept the applications listed in (1) to (11).

NOTICE

1. CLEANING

- 1-1. Please evaluate the capacitor using actual cleaning equipment and conditions to confirm the quality, and select the solvent for cleaning.
- 1-2. Unsuitable cleaning may leave residual flux or other foreign substances, causing deterioration of electrical characteristics and the reliability of the capacitors.
- 1-3. To perform ultrasonic cleaning, observe the following conditions.

Rinse bath capacity: Output of 20 watts per liter or less.

Rinsing time: 5 min maximum.

Do not vibrate the PCB/PWB directly.

Excessive ultrasonic cleaning may lead to fatigue destruction of the lead wires.

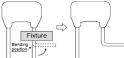
2. SOLDERING AND MOUNTING

2-1. Insert the lead wire into the PCB with a distance appropriate to the lead space.

If the lead wires are inserted into different spacing holes, cracks may occur in the outer resin or the internal element.

2-2. When bending the lead wire, excessive force applied to the capacitor body may cause cracks in the outer resin or the internal element. Hold the lead wire closer to the capacitor body than the lead wire bending position with the fixture, then bend it.

(See the right figure)



- 2-3. When cutting and clinching the lead wire, do not apply excessive force to the capacitor body.
- 2-4. When soldering, insert the lead wire into the PCB without mechanically stressing the lead wire.

3. CAPACITANCE CHANGE OF CAPACITORS

Class 2 capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L etc.)

Class 2 capacitors an aging characteristic, whereby the capacitor continually decreases its capacitance slightly if the capacitor leaves for a long time. Moreover, capacitance might change greatly depending on a surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. So, it is not likely to be able to use for the time constant circuit.

Please contact us if you need a detail information.

4. CHARACTERISTICS EVALUATION IN THE ACTUAL SYSTEM

- 4-1. Evaluate the capacitor in the actual system, to confirm that there is no problem with the performance and specification values in a finished product before using.
- 4-2. Since a voltage dependency and temperature dependency exists in the capacitance of Class 2 ceramic capacitors, the capacitance may change depending on the operating conditions in the actual system. Therefore, be sure to evaluate the various characteristics, such as the leakage current and noise absorptivity, which will affect the capacitance value of the capacitor.
- 4-3. In addition, voltages exceeding the predetermined surge may be applied to the capacitor by the inductance in the actual system.

Evaluate the surge resistance in the actual system as required.

4-4. When using Class 2 ceramic capacitors in AC or pulse circuits, the capacitor itself vibrates at specific frequencies and noise may be generated. Moreover, when the mechanical vibration or shock is added to capacitor, noise may occur.

\triangle NOTE

- 1. Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- 2. You are requested not to use our product deviating from this product specification.